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 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 27 FEB 2008 HIGHEST RN 1005551-32-5

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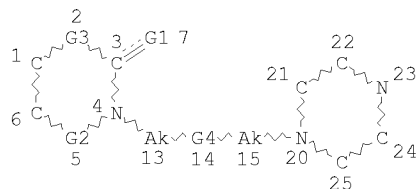
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L4 STR
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 Cb~~O @16 @17
 Cb~~S @18 @19



VAR G1=O/S
 VAR G2=8/10
 REP G3=(0-1) C
 VAR G4=CB/16-13 17-15/18-13 19-15
 NODE ATTRIBUTES:
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
 RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 25

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L6 154745 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON NC2NC2/ES AND (NC5 OR NSC4
 OR NC6 OR NSC5)/ES
 L8 40 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L6 SSS FUL L4
 L10 408698 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (NSC3-C6 OR NCSC2-C6)/ES
 L12 58 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L10 SSS FUL L4
 L13 97 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (L8 OR L12)

=> b hcap
 FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:00:49 ON 28 FEB 2008
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 28 Feb 2008 VOL 148 ISS 9
FILE LAST UPDATED: 27 Feb 2008 (20080227/ED)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d bib abs hitstr 116 tot

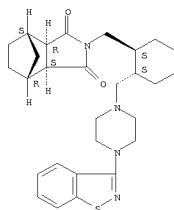
L16 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 AN 2004:1154706 HCAPLUS
 DN 142:69202
 TI Therapeutic agent for senile dementia
 IN Ohno, Yukihiko; Ishiyama, Takeo
 PA Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd., Japan
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 FAN.CNT 1

L16 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO---2004113333	A1	20041229	2004WO-JP0009095	20040622
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CP, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SI, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, ME, NA, SD, SL, SE, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AE, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU---2004249621	A1	20041229	2004AU-000249621	20040622
CA-----2531980	A1	20041229	2004CA-002531980	20040622
EP-----1637530	A1	20060322	2004EP-000746564	20040622
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, PO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK			
CN-----1826338	A	20060830	2004CN-000017534	20040622
US--2006142276	A1	20060629	2005US-000562039	20051222
IN-2005CN03485	A	20070608	2005IN-CN0003485	20051222
PRAI 2003JP-000178386	A	20030623		
2004WO-JP0009095	M	20040622		

AB MARPAT 142:69202
 A therapeutic/preventive agent for cognition dysfunctions contains as an active ingredient an imide derivative (Markush structure given). The bioactivity of the imide derivative of this invention was demonstrated.
 TI 139627-39-7
 RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 CN 139627-39-7 HCAPLUS
 RN 4, 7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)-rel-(-)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Rotation (-). Absolute stereochemistry unknown.



RE.CNT 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

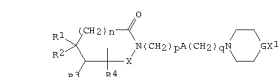
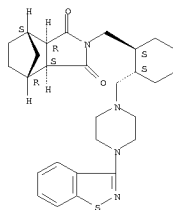
L16 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 AN 1992:151794 HCAPLUS
 DN 116:151794
 TI Preparation of [[[carboximidomethyl]cycloalkyl]methyl]aziryl]arenes as antipsychotics
 IN Saji, Ikutaro; Muto, Masayuki; Tanno, Norihiko; Yoshigi, Mayumi
 PA Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd., Japan
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 67 pp.
 CODEN: EPXKDW
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP-----464846	A1	19920108	1991EP-000112223	19910705
EP-----464846	B1	19980422		
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE			
JP-----05017440	A	19930126	1991JP-000183640	19910627
JP-----2800953	B2	19980921		
CA-----2046429	A1	19920107	1991CA-002046429	19910705
CA-----2046429	C	20030916		
AT-----165359	T	19980515	1991AT-000112223	19910705
ES-----2115599	T3	19980701	1991ES-000112223	19910705
US-----5523272	A	19960702	1991US-000113320	19930830
US-----5780632	A	19980714	1996US-000634738	19960418
PRAI 1990JP-000180271	A	19900706		
1991US-000726172	B1	19910705		
1991US-000113320	A3	19930830		

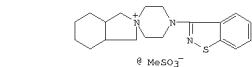
OS CASREACT 116:151794; MARPAT 116:151794
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L16 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)
 (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)-rel-(-)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

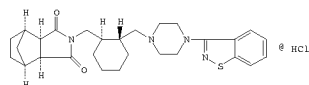
Rotation (-). Absolute stereochemistry unknown.



I



II



III

AB Title compds. [I: R1-R4 = H, alkyl; R1R2 = nonarom. hydrocarbylene; R1R3 = (aromatic) (substituted) (bridged) hydrocarbylene; X = CO, SO2; n = 0, 1; A = (substituted) (bridged) nonarom. hydrocarbon ring; p, q = 0-2; X1 = (hetero)aryl, PhCO, PhO, PhS, and G = N, CH, COH; or X1 = biphenylmethylenedene, G = Cl] were prepared. Thus, spiro derivative II (preparation from trans-1,2-cyclohexanecarboxylic anhydride given) was refluxed with bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-exo-3-endo-dicarboximide, K2CO3, and dibenzo-18-crown-6 in PhMe to give title compound III. III showed ED50 of 10.3 mg/kg orally for suppression of apomorphine-induced climbing behavior in mice.

TI 139627-39-7P
 RI: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 CN 139627-39-7 HCAPLUS

RN 4, 7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-,

=> d bib abs hitstr 119 tot

L19 ANSWER 1 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 2007:1363699 HCAPLUS
 DN 148:24465
 TI Melatonin agonist and antipsychotic agent combinations for treatment of insomnia
 IN Polymerepoulos, Mihael H.; Wolfgang, Curt D.; Birnieks, Gunther; Phadke, Deepak
 PA Vanda Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 20pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO--2007137224	A2	20071129	2007MO-US0069366	20070521
WO--2007137224	A3	20080124		

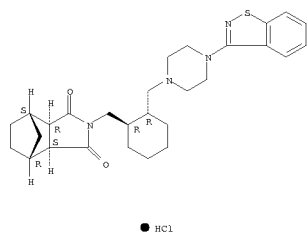
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 RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MG, NA, SD, SL, SE, TE, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, BG, KE, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA

PRAI 2006US-00747866 P 20060522
 AB Disclosed are combinations and combination therapies for the treatment of insomnia in patients with psychotic disorders or with psychotic features, patients with bipolar depression, and patients with major depression with psychotic features.

IT 367514-88-3, SM-13496 367514-88-3D, SM-13496,
 metabolites
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (melatonin agonist and antipsychotic agent combinations for treatment of insomnia)

RN 367514-88-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

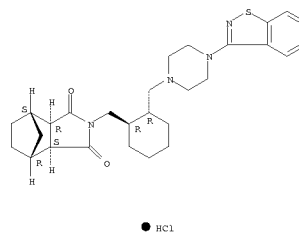
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 367514-88-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-

L19 ANSWER 1 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)
 benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L19 ANSWER 2 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 2007:1277443 HCAPLUS
 DN 147:515074
 TI Escitalopram for improving diminished cognition processes
 IN Svensson, Hans Torgny
 PA H. Lundbeck A/S, Den.
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 24pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO--2007124757	A2	20071108	2007MO-DK0050050	20070430

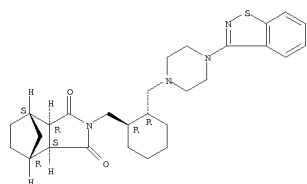
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 RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MG, NA, SD, SL, SE, TE, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KE, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRAI 2006DK-00000621 A 20060502
 AB The invention relates to the use of the compound escitalopram (INN-name), i.e. (S)-1-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dihydro-5-isobenzo-furan-carbonitrile, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for the preparation of a medicament for improving cognition in a condition where the cognitive processes are diminished.

IT 367514-87-2, Lurasidone
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (escitalopram for improving diminished cognitive processes)

RN 367514-87-2 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



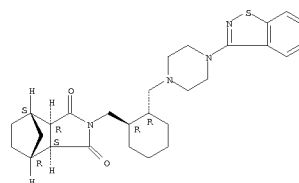
L19 ANSWER 3 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 2007:1270852 HCAPLUS
 DN 147:496359
 TI Use of escitalopram for improvement of cognition in a condition where the cognitive processes are diminished
 IN Svensson, Hans Torgny
 PA H. Lundbeck A/S, Den.
 SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 11pp.
 CODEN: USXXCO
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US--2007259952	A1	20071108	2007US-000741371	20070427

PI 2006US-00746238P P 20060502
 PRAI The invention discloses the use of the compound escitalopram (INN-name), i.e. (S)-1-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dihydro-5-isobenzo-furan-carbonitrile, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for the preparation of a medicament for improving cognition in a condition where the cognitive processes are diminished.
 IT 367514-87-2, Lurasidone
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (escitalopram for improvement of cognition in condition with diminished cognitive processes)

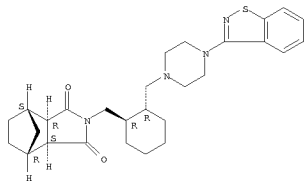
RN 367514-87-2 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



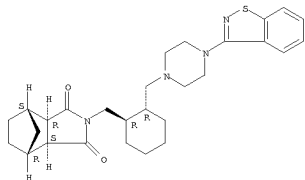
L19 ANSWER 4 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 2007:107633 HCAPLUS
 DN 147:1440137
 TI Lurasidone (SM-13496), a novel atypical antipsychotic drug, reverses MK-801-induced impairment of learning and memory in the rat passive-avoidance test
 AU Ishiyama, Takeo; Tokuda, Kumiko; Ishibashi, Tadashi; Ito, Akira; Toma, Satoko; Ohno, Yukihiro
 CS Pharmacology Research Laboratories, Dainippon Sumitomo Pharma Co. Ltd., Suita, Osaka, 564-0053, Japan
 SO European Journal of Pharmacology (2007), 572(2-3), 160-170
 CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999
 PB Elsevier B.V.
 DT Journal
 LA English
 AB Lurasidone (SM-13496) is a novel atypical antipsychotic with high affinities to dopamine D₂, serotonin 5-HT₇, 5-HT_{2A}, 5-HT_{1A} receptors and α_{2C} adrenoceptor. In this study, the effects of lurasidone on the rat passive-avoidance response and its impairment by the N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptor antagonist MK-801 (dizocilpine) were evaluated and compared with those of other antipsychotics. The passive-avoidance response was examined by measuring the step-through latency, 1 day after the animals received foot-shock training. When given before the training session, lurasidone did not affect the passive-avoidance response at any dose tested (1-30 mg/kg, p.o.). All the other atypical antipsychotics examined (i.e., risperidone, olanzapine, quetiapine, clozapine and aripiprazole), however, significantly reduced the step-through latency at relatively high doses. A pre-training administration of lurasidone significantly and dose-dependently reversed the MK-801-induced impairment of the passive-avoidance response. At doses lower than those that affected the passive-avoidance response, risperidone, quetiapine, and clozapine partially reduced the MK-801-induced impairment, whereas haloperidol, olanzapine, and aripiprazole were inactive. In addition, the post-training administration of lurasidone was as effective in countering the MK-801 effect as the pre-training administration, suggesting that lurasidone worked, at least in part, by restoring the memory consolidation process disrupted by MK-801. These results suggest that lurasidone is superior to other antipsychotics in improving the MK-801-induced memory impairment and may be clinically useful for treating cognitive impairments in schizophrenia.
 IT 367514-87-2, Lurasidone
 RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (SM-13496; lurasidone (SM-13496), a novel atypical antipsychotic drug, reverses MK-801-induced impairment of learning and memory in rat passive-avoidance test)
 RN 367514-87-2 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L19 ANSWER 5 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 2006:1337840 HCAPLUS
 DN 146:68724
 TI Pharmaceutical solutions containing lurasidone
 IN Otoda, Kazuya; Nakamura, Mayumi; Ariyama, Teruko; Nakagawa, Takashi
 PA Dainippon Sumitomo Pharma Co., Ltd., Japan
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 23pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 FAN.CNT 1
 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
 PI WO--2006134864 A1 20061221 2006WO-IP0311739 20060612 <--
 W: AB, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CE, DE, DK, DM, DE, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GM, GN, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, ME, NA, NG, NI, NO, NE, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
 RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CA, GN, GD, GM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MS, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AS, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
 EP-----1891956 A1 20080227 2006EP-000766601 20060612 <--
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 PRAI 2005JP-000172725 A 20050612 <--
 2006WO-IP0311739 W 20060612
 AB A solution-type preparation comprises lurasidone or its acid addition salts, preferably hydrochloride salt, as an active ingredient and at least one substance selected from benzyl alc., N,N-dimethylacetamide, lactic acid and propylene glycol. The solids comprise high concentration of lurasidone for the treatment of mental disorders.
 IT 367514-87-2, Lurasidone 367514-88-3, Lurasidone hydrochloride
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (pharmaceutical solns. containing lurasidone)
 RN 367514-87-2 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

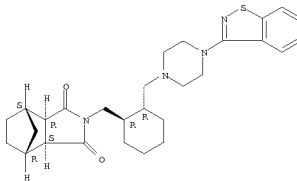


RN 367514-88-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L19 ANSWER 4 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)
 IT 367514-88-3, SM-13496
 RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (lurasidone (SM-13496), a novel atypical antipsychotic drug, reverses MK-801-induced impairment of learning and memory in rat passive-avoidance test)
 RN 367514-88-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

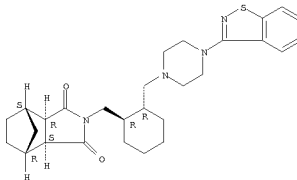
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

RE.CNT 57 THERE ARE 57 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 5 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



● HCl

RE.CNT 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 6 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 2006125271 HCAPLUS
 DN 146113212
 TI Oral pharmaceutical compositions of lurasidone
 IN Fujihara, Kazuyuki
 PA Daiippon Sumitomo Pharma Co., Ltd., Japan
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 42pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO--2006126681	A1	20061130	2006WO-JP0310571	20060526 <--
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, ME, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, ME, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
AU--2006250340	A1	20061130	2006AU-000250340	20060526 <--
CA-----2606510	A1	20061130	2006CA-002606510	20060526 <--
EP-----1884242	A1	20060206	2006EP-000769000	20060526 <--
R:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR			
KR--2008012306	A	20080211	2007KR-000727270	20071123 <--
IN-2007CN05369	A	20080123	2007IN-CN0005369	20071126 <--
PPAI 2005JP-000153508	A	20050526 <--		
2006WO-JP0310571	W	20060526		

AB A preparation for oral administration comprises a pregelatinized starch comprising N-[4-[(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(2R,3R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-(1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S)-2,3-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptanedicarboxylide hydrochloride (lurasidone hydrochloride) as an active ingredient; a water-soluble excipient; and a water-soluble polymeric binder, where the preparation exhibits an invariant level of elution behavior even when the content of its active ingredient is varied. For example, tablets were formulated containing lurasidone 80, mannitol 144, pregelatinized starch 80, croscarmellose sodium 4, hydroxypropyl Me cellulose 8, and Mg stearate 4 mg per tablet and film coated with a composition containing hydroxypropyl Me cellulose, titania, polyethylene glycol, and carnauba wax.

TI 367514-87-2, Lurasidone 367514-88-3, lurasidone hydrochloride

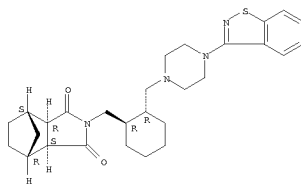
RL THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (oral compns. of lurasidone with improved dissoln. profile)

RN 367514-87-2 HCAPLUS

CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

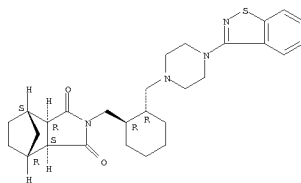
Absolute stereochemistry.

L19 ANSWER 6 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



RN 367514-88-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 7 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 20061950847 HCAPLUS
 DN 145342440
 TI Pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment and/or prevention of schizophrenia and related diseases
 IN Pyke, Robert; Ceci, Angelo
 PA Boehringer Ingelheim International GmbH, Germany; Boehringer Ingelheim Pharma GmbH & Co KG
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 30pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO--2006096439	A2	20060914	2006WO-US0007379	20060227 <--
WO--2006096439	A3	20070308		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, ME, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, ME, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
CA-----2599699	A1	20060914	2006CA-002599699	20060228 <--
US--2006204486	A1	20060914	2006US-000364306	20060228 <--
EP-----1858517	A2	20071128	2006EP-000736660	20060228 <--
R:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR			
PPAI 2005US-006585669	P	20050304 <--		
2006WO-US0007379	W	20060227		

AB The invention relates to new pharmaceutical compns. for the treatment and/or prevention of schizophrenia and methods for the preparation thereof. In a preferred embodiment, the instant invention is directed to pharmaceutical combinations comprising filibanserin as one active ingredient in combination with at least one addnl. active ingredient for the treatment and/or prevention of schizophrenia and methods for the preparation thereof.

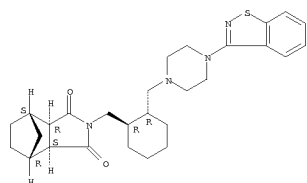
TI 367514-87-2, Lurasidone 367514-88-3, SM 13496

RL PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (filibanserin compns. for the treatment and/or prevention of schizophrenia and related diseases)

RN 367514-87-2 HCAPLUS

CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

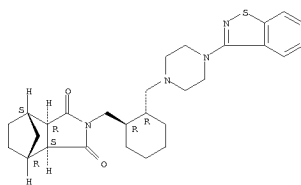


RN 367514-88-3 HCAPLUS

L19 ANSWER 7 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)

CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

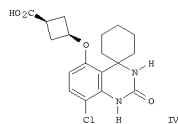
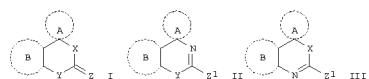
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

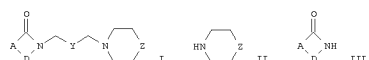
L19 ANSWER 8 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 2006:918625 HCAPLUS
 DN 145:315008
 TI Preparation of spiro[cyclohexane-1,4'-quinazoline] derivatives for use as
 PDE7 inhibitors for the treatment of neuropathic pain
 IN Cox, Peter; Kinloch, Ross Anderson; Maw, Graham Nigel
 PA Pfizer Limited, UK
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 108pp.
 CODEN: PFXK32
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 3

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO--2006092691	A1	20060908	2006WO-1B0000369	20060216 <--
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LG, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, ME, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
PM: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, ME, NA, SD, SS, SE, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
AU--2006219643	A1	20060908	2006AU-000219643	20060216 <--
CA--2599662	A1	20060908	2006CA-002599662	20060216 <--
EP--1855686	A1	20071121	2006EP-000710434	20060216 <--
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
JP--2006241159	A	20060914	2006JP-00053415	20060228 <--
KR--2007107099	A	20071106	2007KR-000720010	20070831 <--
MX--200710721	A	20071113	2007MX-000010721	20070831 <--
TN-20070807221	A	20071112	2007TN-DN007221	20070919 <--
PRAI 2005GB-000004209	A	20050301	<--	
2005US-00675761P	P	20050427	<--	
2006WO-1B0000369	W	20060216		
OS MARPAT 145:315008				
GI				



L19 ANSWER 9 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 2006:1627401 HCAPLUS
 DN 145:83396
 TI Preparation of imides as intermediates for psychotropic agents
 IN Ae, Nobuyuki; Bando, Hisashi
 PA Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan; Dainippon Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.
 CODEN: JKKXAF
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP--2006169155	A	20060629	2004JP-000362562	20041215 <--
PRAI 2004JP-000362562		20041215	<--	
OS CASREACT 145:83396; MARPAT 145:83396				
GI				



AB The imides I [A = C2-4 alkylene, C2-4 alkenylene; D = CO, SO2; Y = Cl-2 alkylene; Z = (substituted) CH2, (substituted) NH], useful for psychotropic agents for treatment of schizophrenia, senile psychosis, manic-depressive psychosis, neuropathy, etc. (no data), are prepared by treatment of cyclic amines II (Z = same as above) with Y(CH2X)2 (X = anion-generating group; Y = same as above) in the presence of K2CO3 having sp. surface area <1.8 m2/g, and treatment of the resulting spiro quaternary ammonium salts with imides III (A, D = same as above) in the presence of solid inorg. bases. Thus, (1R,2R)-1,2-bis(methanesulfonyloxymethyl)cyclohexane was treated with 4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)piperazine in the presence of K2CO3 (sp. surface area 0.6 m2/g) and Bu4NH504-, and treated with hexahydro(3aS,4R,7S,7aR)-4,7-methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione in the presence of K2CO3 and H2O to give 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro(3aS,4R,7S,7aR)-4,7-methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione with yield of carbonic acid-derived byproduct 1.5%.

II 367514-87-2P, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro(3aS,4R,7S,7aR)-4,7-methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of imides as intermediates for psychotropic agents from cyclic amines via spiro quaternary ammonium salts by using K2CO3 with predetd. sp. surface area)

RN 367514-87-2 HCAPLUS

CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro(3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L19 ANSWER 8 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)

AB Comps. I-III [Ring B = (un)substituted six-membered aryl or heteroaryl ring; Ring A = (un)substituted spirocycle or spiroheterocycle; X = O or NH, NWH, etc.; Y = O, S, NH, etc.; Z = CHNO2, O, S, etc.; Z1 = R, Me, NH2, etc.] are disclosed as phosphodiesterase 7 (PDE7) inhibitors for use in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of neuropathic pain and to a method of treating neuropathic pain using an inhibitor of PDE7. Methods for preparing title comps. are given. Thus, e.g., IV was prepared by substitution of trans-3-[(benzyloxy)methyl]cyclobutyl p-toluenesulfonate (preparation given) with 8'-chloro-5'-hydroxy-1'H-spiro[cyclohexane-1,4'-quinazolin]-2'(3'H)-one followed by deprotection and oxidation. In PDE7A inhibition assays, IV demonstrated a Ki value of 1.9 (nM).

II 367514-87-2, Lurasidone

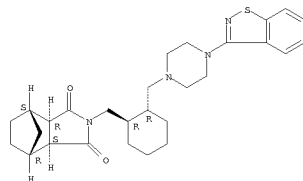
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(phosphodiesterase 7 inhibiting comps. useful in treatment of neuropathic pain)

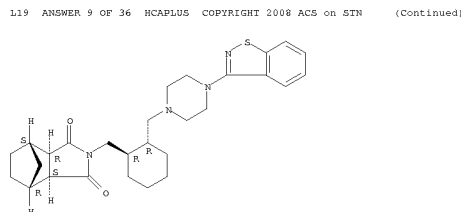
RN 367514-87-2 HCAPLUS

CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro(3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



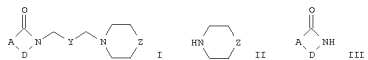
RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT



L19 ANSWER 10 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
AN 2006:627400 HCAPLUS
DN 145:83395

TI Preparation of imides as intermediates for psychotropic agents
IN Ae, Nobuyuki Bando, Hisashi
DA Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan; Dainippon Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.
CODEN: JKKXAF
DT Patent
LA Japanese
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP--2006169154	A	20060629	2004JP-000362561	20041215 <--
PRAI 2004JP-000362561		20041215	<--	
OS MARPAT 145:83395				
GI				



AB The imides I (A = C2-4 alkylene, C2-4 alkenylene; D = CO, SO₂; Y = C1-2 alkylene; Z = (substituted) CH₂, (substituted) NH), useful for psychotropic agents for treatment of schizophrenia, senile psychosis, manic-depressive psychosis, neuropathy, etc. (no data), are prepared by treatment of cyclic amines II (Z = same as above) with Y(CH₂X)₂ (X = anion-generating group; Y = same as above) in the presence of K₂CO₃ having average particle size (504D) ≤200 μm, and treatment of the resulting spiro quaternary ammonium salts with imides III (A, D = same as above) in the presence of solid inorg. bases. Thus, (1R,2R)-1,2-bis(methanesulfonylmethyl)cyclohexane was treated with 4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)piperazine in the presence of K₂CO₃ (504D 11 μm) and Bu₄NH₂SO₄-, and treated with hexahydro-(3aS,4R,7S,7aR)-4,7-methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione in the presence of K₂CO₃ and H₂O to give 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-(3aS,4R,7S,7aR)-4,7-methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione. (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 367514-87-2P, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-(3aS,4R,7S,7aR)-4,7-methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione

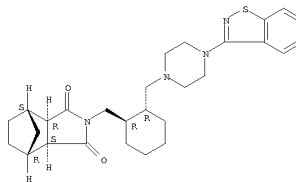
RL IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of imides as intermediates for psychotropic agents from cyclic amines via spiro quaternary ammonium salts by using K₂CO₃ with predetd. sp. surface area)

RN 367514-87-2 HCAPLUS
4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L19 ANSWER 10 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



L19 ANSWER 12 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
AN 2005:474939 HCAPLUS
DN 143:1317

TI Method of treating mental disorders using D4 and 5-HT_{2A} antagonists, inverse agonists or partial agonists
IN Buntin, Erik
DA Belg.
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 14 pp.
CODEN: USXXCO
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 6

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US--2005119253	A1	20050602	2003US-000725965	20031202 <--
US--2005119248	A1	20050602	2004US-000752423	20040106 <--
US--2005119248	A1	20050602	2004US-000803793	20040318 <--
US--2005203130	A1	20050915	2004US-000984683	20041109 <--
CA-----2547639	A1	20050616	2004CA-002547639	20041202 <--
WO--2005053796	A1	20050616	2004WO-0005053796	20041202 <--
WO--2005053796	A1	20050616	2004WO-0005053796	20041202 <--
W: AB, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SN, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
AB, BY, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SN, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
AB, BY, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SN, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
AB, BY, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SN, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
EP-----1708790	A1	20061011	2004EP-000801138	20041202 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, NM, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, BA, HR, IS, YU				
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2004EP-000447001	A	20040105		
2004US-000752423	A2	20040106		
2004CA-002461248	A	20040318		
2004EP-000447066	A	20040318		
2004US-000803793	A2	20040318		
2004EP-000250355	A	20041021		
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2004CA-002487529	A	20041115		
2004WO-00000172	W	20041202		

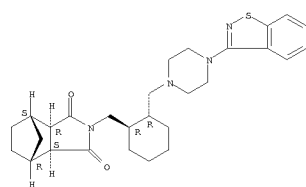
AB The present invention relates to methods of treating the underlying dysregulation of the emotional functionality of mental disorders (i.e. affect instability-hypersensitivity-hyperaesthesia-dissociative phenomena...) using compds. and compns. of compds. having D4 and/or 5-HT_{2A} antagonistic, partial agonistic or inverse agonistic activity. The invention also relates to methods comprising administering to a patient diagnosed as having a neuropsychiatric disorder a pharmaceutical composition containing (i) compds. having D4 antagonistic, partial agonistic or inverse agonistic activity and/or (ii) compds. having 5-HT_{2A} antagonistic, partial agonistic or inverse agonistic activity and/or (iii) any known medicinal compound and compns. of said compds. The combined D4 and 5-HT_{2A} antagonistic, partial agonistic or inverse agonistic effects may reside within the same chemical or biol. compound or in two different chemical and/or biol. compds. The combination can also be used to augment the therapeutic effect of or to provide a faster onset of the therapeutic effect of a selective serotonin re-uptake inhibitor, a norepinephrine re-uptake inhibitor, or a musculoskeletal disease-treating COX-2 inhibitor. Pharmaceutical compns. are also claimed.

IT 367514-88-3, SM 13496
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(as neuroleptic agent, augmenting therapeutic effect of; treating underlying dysregulation of emotional functionality of mental disorders using D4 and 5-HT_{2A} antagonists, inverse agonists or partial agonists)

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 12 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)
 CN 4, 7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

L19 ANSWER 13 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 2005:47436 HCAPLUS
 DN 143:1315
 TI Method of treating mental disorders using D4 and 5-HT2A antagonists, inverse agonists or partial agonists
 IN Buntink, Erik
 PA Belg.
 SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 15 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 725,965.
 COHEN: USXCCO
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 6

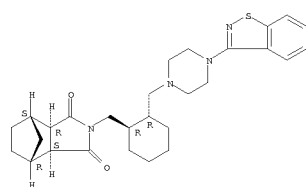
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US--2005119249	A1	20050602	2004US-00803793	20040318 <--
US--2005203130	A1	20050915	2004US-00984683	20041109 <--
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RW: BM, GH, GM, KE, LS, LM, ME, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP-----1708790	A1	20061011	2004EP-000801138	20041202 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, BA, HR, IS, YU				
JP--2007513095	T	20070524	2006JP-00541759	20041202 <--
US--2007078162	A1	20070405	2006US-00580962	20060531 <--
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2004CA-002461248	A	20040318	<--	
2004EP-000447066	A	20040318	<--	
2004US-000803793	A2	20040318	<--	
2004EP-000025035	A	20041021	<--	
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2004US-000984683	A	20041109	<--	
2004CA-002487529	A	20041115	<--	
2004WO-BE0000172	W	20041202	<--	

AB The present invention relates to methods of treating of the underlying dysregulation of the emotional functionality of mental disorders (i.e. affect instability-hypersensitivity-hyperaesthesia-dissociative phenomena...) using compds. and compns. of compds. having D4 and/or 5-HT2A antagonistic, partial agonistic or inverse agonistic activity. The invention also relates to methods comprising administering to a patient diagnosed as having a neuropsychiatric disorder a pharmaceutical composition containing (i) compds. having D4 antagonistic, partial agonistic or inverse agonistic activity and/or (ii) compds. having 5-HT2A antagonistic, partial agonistic or inverse agonistic, and/or (iii) any known medicinal compound and compns. of said compds. The combined D4 and 5-HT2A antagonistic, partial agonistic or inverse agonistic effects may reside within the same chemical or biol. compound or in two different chemical and/or biol. compds. The combination can also be used to augment the therapeutic effect of or to provide a faster onset of the therapeutic effect of a selective serotonin re-uptake inhibitor, a norepinephrine re-uptake inhibitor, an NK1 antagonist, or a musculoskeletal disease-treating COX-2 inhibitor. Pharmaceutical compns. are also claimed.

IT 367514-88-3, SM 13496
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

L19 ANSWER 13 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)
 (as neuroleptic agent, augmenting therapeutic effect of; treating underlying dysregulation of emotional functionality of mental disorders using D4 and 5-HT2A antagonists, inverse agonists or partial agonists)
 RN 367514-88-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 4, 7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

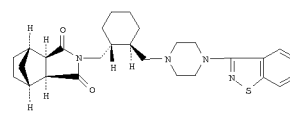
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

L19 ANSWER 14 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 2005:99501 HCAPLUS
 DN 141:198101
 TI Process for producing benzisothiazolylpiperazinylmethylcyclohexylmethylbicycloheptanedicarboxylate hydrochloride
 IN Kakiya, Yuzo; Oda, Mayumi
 Sunitomo Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd., Japan
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp.
 COHEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO--2005009999	A1	20050203	2004WO-JP0011035	20040727 <--
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RW: BM, GH, GM, KE, LS, LM, ME, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
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CA--2538265	A1	20050203	2004CA-002538265	20040727 <--
EP-----1652848	A1	20060503	2004EP-000748182	20040727 <--
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CN-----1832946	A	20060913	2004CN-080022168	20040727 <--
BR--2004013081	A	20061003	2004BR-000013081	20040727 <--
US--2006194970	A1	20060831	2006US-000565105	20060119 <--
MX--2006PA01128	A	20060907	2006MX-PA0001128	20060127 <--
IN--2006CN00349	A	20070706	2006IN-CN0000349	20060127 <--
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2004WO-JP0011035	W	20040727	<--	
OS CASREACT 142:198101				



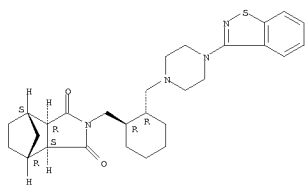
I

AB Claimed is a process for producing the title compound I.HCl or enantiomers thereof by treating I or enantiomers thereof with an aqueous hydrochloric acid solution in a hydrophilic solvent and crystallizing I.HCl or enantiomers thereof. I.HCl is a psychotropic agent (no data). Thus, I in acetone was heated under reflux; an aqueous HCl solution was added over 15 min to the solution of I in acetone at 55°C; the resulting solution was stirred at 60°C for 1 h; said solution was cooled to 0°C and stirred at 0°C for 1 h to give I.HCl.

IT 367514-88-3P
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (crystallization of benzisothiazolylpiperazinylmethylcyclohexylmethylbicycloheptanedicarboxylate hydrochloride)
 RN 367514-88-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 4, 7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

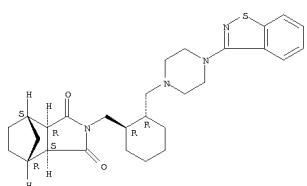
L19 ANSWER 14 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



● HCl

IT 367514-87-2
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (crystallization of benzisothiazolylpiperazinylmethylcyclohexylmethylbicycloheptanedicarboxyimide hydrochloride)
 RN 367514-87-2 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(3,2-benzisothiazol-5-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

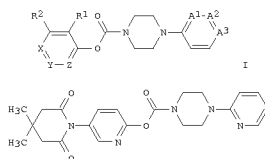


RE.CNT 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 15 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN

AN 2004:1127442 HCAPLUS
 DN 142:74613
 TI Preparation of 1-aryl-4-(aryloxycarbonyl)piperazines as hormone-sensitive lipase inhibitors for the treatment of diabetes and related disorders
 IN Hansen, Holger Claus; De Jong, Johannes Cornelis; Jacobsen, Poul; Eldrup, Soren
 PA Novo Nordisk A/S, Den.
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 107 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO--2004111007	A1	20041223	2004WO-DK0000396	20040610 <--
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FW:	BW, CH, GM, GE, LS, MW, ME, NA, SD, SL, SE, SZ, US, ZM, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FF, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
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EP--2436189	A1	20060322	2004EP-000736501	20040610 <--
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BR-----1798735	A	20060705	2004CN-080014954	20040610 <--
JP--2006527211	T	20061130	2006JP-000515704	20040610 <--
MX--2005PA13225	A	20060309	2005MX-PA0013225	20051206 <--
US--2006160819	A1	20060720	2005US-002296637	20051212 <--
IN--2006DN00229	A	20070817	2006IN-DN0000229	20060112 <--
PRAI 2003DK-000000876	A	20030612	<--	
2003US-004784519	P	20030613	<--	
2004WO-DK0000396	W	20040610	<--	
OS MARPAT 142:74613				
GI				



II

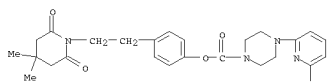
AB Title compds. I [wherein X = N or CR3; Y = N or CR4; Z = N or CR5; A1 = N or CR6; A2 = N or CR7; A3 = N or CR8; provided that at least one of A1, A2 and A3 is N; R1-R8 = H, halo, (un)substituted OH, sulfanyl, amino, sulfo, alkenyl, (hetero)aryl, (cyclo)alkyl or heterocyclyl; with three exclusions, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, tautomeric forms, and stereoisomers thereof] were prepared as inhibitors of hormone-sensitive lipase (HSL). Also disclosed are pharmaceutical compns. comprising I and the process for the preps. of I. For example, treatment of 6'-hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-4,5-dihydro-3H-[1,3,1']bipyridinyl-2,6-dione with

L19 ANSWER 15 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)

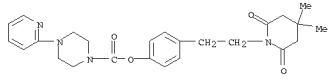
phosgene followed by coupling with 1-(2-pyridyl)piperazine gave carbamate II, which showed 5% inhibition of HSL at a concn. of 10 μ M. Thus, I and pharmaceutical compns. thereof are useful for the treatment and/or prevention of medical disorders in which lowering of the activity of hormone-sensitive lipase is desired, such as diabetes and dyslipidemia (no data)

IT 811791-24-9P, 4-(6-Methylpyridin-2-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester
 811791-25-9P, 4-(Pyridin-2-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester
 811791-26-1P, 4-(5-Methylpyridin-2-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester
 811791-27-2P, 4-(5-Carboxypyridin-2-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester
 811791-28-3P, 4-(5-Carboxymethylpyridin-2-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester
 811791-29-4P, 4-(5-Trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester
 811791-30-7P, 4-(5-Fluoropyridin-2-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester
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 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

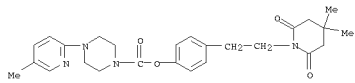
(drug candidate; preparation of arylpiperazine carbamates as hormone-sensitive lipase inhibitors)
 RN 811791-24-9 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 811791-25-0 HCAPLUS
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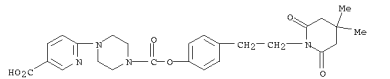
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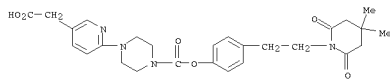
RN 811791-27-2 HCAPLUS

L19 ANSWER 15 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)

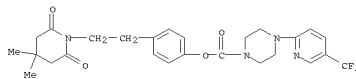
1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-(5-carboxy-2-pyridinyl)-, 1-[4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)



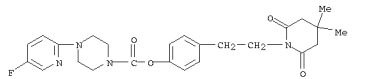
RN 811791-28-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[5-(carboxymethyl)-2-pyridinyl]-, 1-[4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)



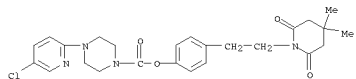
RN 811791-29-4 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 811791-30-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-(5-fluoro-2-pyridinyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



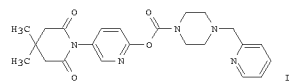
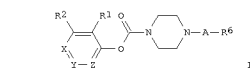
RN 811791-31-8 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-(5-chloro-2-pyridinyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



L19 ANSWER 15 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)
 RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 16 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)
 AN 2004:112739 HCAPLUS
 DN 142:56360
 TI Preparation of piperazine carbanates as hormone-sensitive lipase
 inhibitors for the treatment of diabetes and related disorders
 IN Hansen, Holger Claus; Cornelis De Jong, Johannes; Vedso, Per; Jacobsen,
 Poul; Ebdrup, Soren
 PA Novo Nordisk A/S, Den.
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 165 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO--2004111004	A1	20041223	2004WO-DK0000397	20040610 <--
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DE, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, ME, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TE, UA, US, US, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
PM:	BW, CH, GM, KE, LG, MW, ME, NA, SD, SI, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
EP-----1636187	A1	20060322	2004EP-000736504	20040610 <--
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK			
JP--2006527212	T	20061130	2006JP-000515705	20040610 <--
US--2006160820	A1	20060720	2005US-000299649	20051212 <--
PRAI 2003DK-00000877	A	20030612	<--	
2003US-00478906P	P	20030613	<--	
2004WO-DK0000397	W	20040610	<--	
OS				
GI				



AB Title comps. I (wherein R1, R2 = H, amino, halo, (un)substituted OH, sulfonyl, sulfo, alkoxy, alkenyl, (hetero)aryl, (cyclo)alkyl or heterocyclyl; X = N or CR3, Y = N or CR4, Z = N or CR5; provided that X, Y and Z are not all CH; R3-R5 = H, F, (un)substituted OH, amino, sulfonyl, sulfo, alkenyl, (hetero)aryl, (cyclo)alkyl or heterocyclyl; R6 = (un)substituted alkenyl, (hetero)aryl, (cyclo)alkyl or heterocyclyl; A = CH2, or CH2CH2; with some exclusions, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, tautomeric forms, and stereoisomers thereof) were prepared as inhibitors of hormone-sensitive lipase (HSL). Also disclosed are pharmaceutical comps. comprising I and the process for the preps. of I. For example, treatment of 6'-hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-4,5-dihydro-3H-[1,3']bipyridinyl-2,6-dione with phosgene followed by coupling with

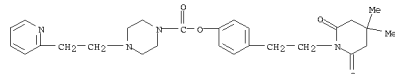
L19 ANSWER 16 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)
 1-[(pyridin-2-yl)methyl]piperazine in the presence of DABCO in CH2Cl2 gave carbamate II, which showed 64% inhibition of HSL at a concn. of 10 μM. Thus, I and pharmaceutical compns. thereof are useful for the treatment and/or prevention of medical disorders in which lowering of the activity of hormone-sensitive lipase is desired, such as diabetes and dyslipidemia (no data).

II 811420-68-5P, 4-[(2-(Pyridin-2-yl)ethyl)piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811420-70-9P, 4-[(2-(Pyridin-2-yl)ethyl)piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester trifluoroacetate 811424-49-4P, 4-[(Pyridin-2-yl)methyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-50-7P, 4-[(Pyrimidin-4-yl)methyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-51-8P, 4-[(Pyrazin-2-yl)methyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-52-9P, 4-[(6-Methylpyridin-2-yl)ethyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-53-0P, 4-[3-(6-Methylpyridin-2-yl)propyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-54-1P, 4-[2-(Pyridin-3-yl)ethyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-55-2P, 4-[3-(Pyridin-3-yl)propyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-56-3P, 4-[3-(Pyridin-2-yl)propyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-57-4P, 4-(6-Methylpyridin-2-yl)methyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-58-5P, 4-[(Pyridin-3-yl)methyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-59-6P, 4-[2-(4-Methylthiazol-5-yl)ethyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-60-9P, 4-[3-(5-Carboxypyridin-2-yl)propyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-61-0P, 4-(5-Carboxypyridin-2-yl)methyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-62-1P, 4-[2-(5-Methylpyridin-2-yl)ethyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-63-2P, 4-[3-(5-Methylpyridin-2-yl)propyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-64-3P, 4-[2-(Thiazol-2-yl)ethyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-65-4P, 4-[2-(2-Methylthiazol-4-yl)ethyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-66-5P, 4-[2-(4-Methyl-2-pyridyl)ethyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-67-6P, 4-[2-(1H-imidazol-4-yl)ethyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-68-7P, 4-[2-(1-Methyl-1H-imidazol-4-yl)ethyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester 811424-69-8P, 4-[2-(3-Methylisoxazol-5-yl)ethyl]piperazine-1-carboxylic acid 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxopiperidin-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl ester

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(drug candidate; preparation of piperazine carbanates as hormone-sensitive lipase inhibitors)

PN 811420-68-5 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(2-(2-pyridinyl)ethyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



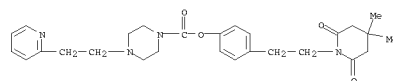
L19 ANSWER 16 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)

PN 811420-70-9 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(2-(2-pyridinyl)ethyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CPN 811420-68-5

CMF C27 H34 N4 O4



CM 2

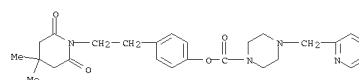
CPN 76-05-1

CMF C2 H F3 O2



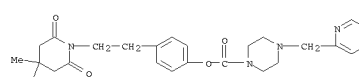
PN 811424-49-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(2-pyridinylmethyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



PN 811424-50-7 HCAPLUS

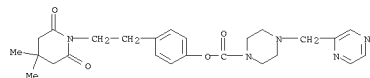
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(4-pyrimidinylmethyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



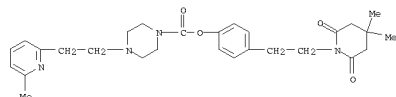
PN 811424-51-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(pyrazinylmethyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

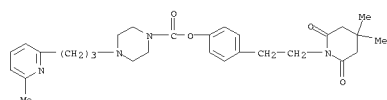
L19 ANSWER 16 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



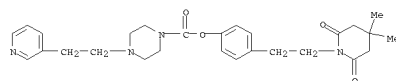
RN 811424-52-9 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(2-(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)ethyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 811424-53-0 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(3-(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)propyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

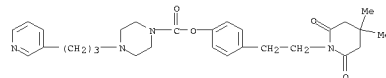


RN 811424-54-1 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(2-(3-pyridinyl)ethyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

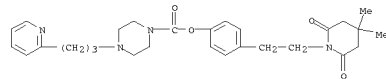


RN 811424-55-2 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(3-(3-pyridinyl)propyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

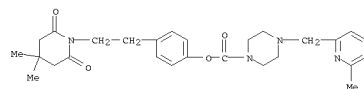
L19 ANSWER 16 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



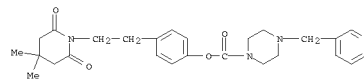
RN 811424-56-3 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(3-(2-pyridinyl)propyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 811424-57-4 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



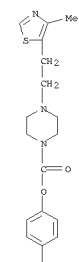
RN 811424-58-5 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(3-pyridinyl)methyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



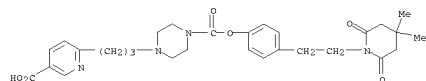
RN 811424-59-6 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(2-(4-methyl-5-thiazolyl)ethyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

L19 ANSWER 16 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)

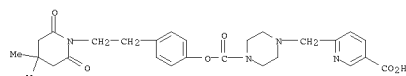
PAGE 1-A



RN 811424-60-9 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(3-(5-carboxy-2-pyridinyl)propyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

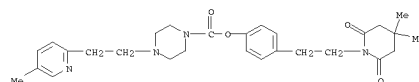


RN 811424-61-0 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(5-carboxy-2-pyridinyl)methyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

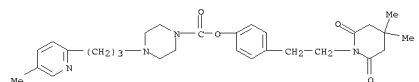


L19 ANSWER 16 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)

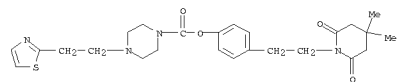
RN 811424-62-1 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl)ethyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



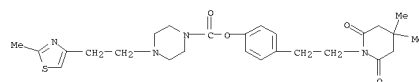
RN 811424-63-2 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(3-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl)propyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



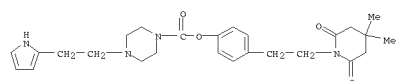
RN 811424-64-3 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(2-(2-thiazolyl)ethyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 811424-65-4 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



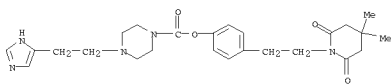
RN 811424-66-5 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)ethyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



L19 ANSWER 16 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)

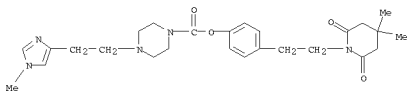
RN 811424-67-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(2-(1H-imidazol-4-yl)ethyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



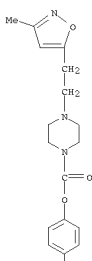
RN 811424-68-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-4-yl)ethyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 811424-69-8 HCAPLUS

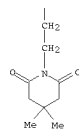
CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[(2-(3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl)ethyl)-, 4-[2-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)ethyl]phenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



PAGE 1-A

L19 ANSWER 16 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 2-A



RE.CNT 2

THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 17 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2004:182710 HCAPLUS

DN 140:210810

TI Remedy for integration dysfunction syndrome

IN Nakamura, Mitsutaka; Ogasa, Masaaki; Sami, Shunsuke

PA Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Company, Limited, Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO--2004017973	A1	20040304	2003WO-IP0010490	20030820 <--
W: AB, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KS, LC, LM, LN, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, ME, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
PW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, ME, SD, SH, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU--2003257589	A1	20040311	2003AU-000257589	20030820 <--
EP-----1535616	A1	20050601	2003EP-000792731	20030820 <--
R: AI, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
US--2006025422	A1	20060202	2005US-000525021	20050218 <--
PRAI 2002US-00404927P	P	20020822	<--	
2003WO-IP0010490	W	20030820	<--	

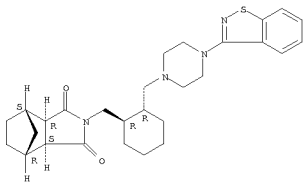
AB It is intended to provide a novel method of treating integration dysfunction syndrome. Namely, 5 mg to 120 mg/day of an active compound (1R,2S,3R,4S)-N-[(1R,2R)-2-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]-1-cyclohexylmethyl]-2,3-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane dicarboximide or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt (for example, hydrochloride) is orally administered to a patient with integration dysfunction syndrome once a day. According to this method, broad symptoms of integration dysfunction syndrome, in particular, pos. symptoms and neg. symptoms, can be ameliorated without causing any extrapyramidal reactions.

IT 367514-88-3
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (remedy for integration dysfunction syndrome)

RN 367514-88-3 HCAPLUS

CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]cyclohexylmethyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1)], (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

RE.CNT 7
THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 18 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 2003:633455 HCAPLUS
 DN 139:159958
 TI Valproate compound-atypical antipsychotic agent combination therapy for treatment of schizophrenia
 IN Somerville, Kenneth W.; Gilbert, Adrienne L.; Tracy, Katherine A.
 PA Abbott Laboratories, USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.
 CODEN: PIXX2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

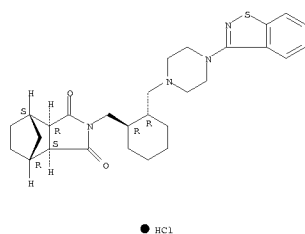
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO--2003066039	A1	20030814	2003WO-US0002540	20030129 <--
W: CA, JP, MX				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR				
CA-----2475839	A1	20030814	2003CA-002475839	20030129 <--
EP-----1480629	A1	20041201	2003EP-000737557	20030129 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, EE, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
JP--2006050489	T	20060218	2003JP-000565463	20030129 <--
MX--2004PA07752	A	20050617	2004MX-PA0007752	20040809 <--
PRAI 2002US-000071733	A	20020208	<--	
2003WO-US0002540	W	20030129	<--	

AB The invention discloses a treatment for schizophrenia. It has been discovered that schizophrenia will respond to the combination of an atypical antipsychotic, e.g. olanzapine, and a valproate compound, e.g. divalproex sodium. This combination is especially useful for alleviating the acute symptoms of schizophrenia. The invention also extends to new formulations containing an antipsychotic in combination with a valproate compound

II 367514-88-3, SM-13496
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (valproate compound-atypical antipsychotic agent combination therapy for treatment of schizophrenia)

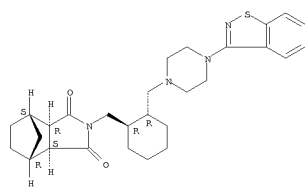
PN 367514-88-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

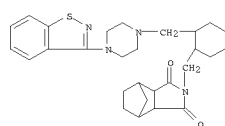


RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 19 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)

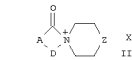
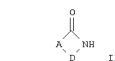
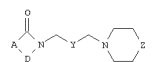


PN 535933-87-0 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L19 ANSWER 19 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 2003:424505 HCAPLUS
 DN 139:6890
 TI Preparation of imides as intermediates for psychotropic agents
 IN Kiyoshina, Toshiro; Bando, Hisashi
 PA Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan; Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd.
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.
 CODEN: JKKXAF
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP--2003160583	A	20030603	2001JP-000360426	20011127 <--
PRAI 2001JP-000360426		20011127	<--	
OS MARPAT 139:6890				
GI				



AB Imides I [A = (un)substituted C2-4 alkylene, (un)substituted C2-4 alkenylene; D = CO, SO2; Y = (un)substituted C1-2 alkylene; Z = (un)substituted C2-4 alkylene], useful for psychotropic agents for treatment of schizophrenia, manic-depressive psychosis, neuropathy, etc., are prepared by treatment of imides II (A, D = same as above) with quaternary ammonium salts III (Y, Z = same as above; X- = anion) in the presence of solid inorg. bases and H2O in aromatic hydrocarbon solvents. Thus, MePh solution of 4'-[(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-(3aR,7aR)-octahydro-spiro[3H-isoindole-2,1'-piperazinyl]methanesulfonate was refluxed with hexahydro-(3aS,4R,7S,7aR)-4,7-methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, K2CO3, and H2O for 2 h to give 83% 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-(3aS,4R,7S,7aR)-4,7-methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione.

II 367514-87-2P 535933-87-0P, N-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-4,7-methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of imides as intermediates for psychotropic agents in presence of solid inorg. bases and water)

PN 367514-87-2 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L19 ANSWER 20 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 2002:521465 HCAPLUS
 DN 137:98994
 TI Pharmaceuticals containing a combination of norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors and neuroleptics
 IN Wong, Erik Ho Fong; Gallen, Christopher C.; Svensson, Torngy
 PA Pharmacia & Upjohn Company, USA; Pharmacia AB
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.
 CODEN: PIXX2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO--2002053140	A2	20020711	2001WO-US0045871	20011227 <--
WO--2002053140	A3	20021024		
W: AB, AS, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BE, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KS, LC, LK, LR, LS, LI, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, ME, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, ME, SD, SL, SE, SZ, TG, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, EE, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA-----2431041	A1	20020711	2001CA-002431041	20011227 <--
AU--2002232470	A1	20020716	2002AU-000232470	20011227 <--
EP-----1353675	A2	20021022	2001EP-000981987	20011227 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, EE, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
JP--2004517112	T	20040610	2002JP-000554091	20011227 <--
NZ-----526801	A	20050729	2001NZ-000526801	20011227 <--
US--2002156067	A1	20021024	2001US-000035100	20011228 <--
US-----4964962	B2	20051115		
MX--2003PA06003	A	20050908	2003MX-PA0006003	20030702 <--
US--2006003992	A1	20060105	2005US-000219901	20050906 <--
PRAI 2001US-00259286P	P	20010102	<--	
2001WO-US0045871	W	20011227	<--	
2001US-000035100	A3	20011228	<--	

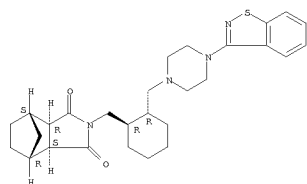
AB A composition comprising: (a) a pharmaceutically effective amount of one or more norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors or a salt; and (b) 1 or more neuroleptics is provided. The composition is useful in treating disorders or diseases of the central nervous system, and particularly useful in treating schizophrenia. A pharmaceutical composition was prepared by combining reboxetine with a neuroleptic in an acceptable carrier. The composition contains 0.01-10 mg reboxetine and 25-300 mg clozapine.

II 367514-88-3
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (pharmaceuticals containing combination of norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors and neuroleptics)

PN 367514-88-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L19 ANSWER 20 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



● HCl

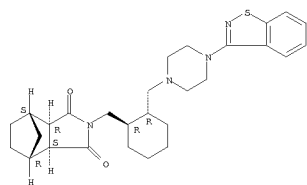
L19 ANSWER 21 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN

AN 2002:240535 HCAPLUS
 DN 136:268164
 TI Oral compositions with favorable disintegration characteristics
 IN Fujihara, Kazuyuki
 PA Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Company, Limited, Japan
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO--2002024166	A1	20020328	2001WO-JP0007983	20010914 <--
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BE, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DS, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GR, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, OH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW			
FW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, ME, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GG, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU--2001086237	A	20020402	2001AU-00086237	20010914 <--
CA--2424001	A1	20030320	2001CA-002424001	20010914 <--
EP--1327460	A1	20030716	2001EP-00965637	20010914 <--
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
US--2004028741	A1	20040212	2003US-000381036	20030321 <--
PRAI 2000JP-000288234	A	20000922	<--	
2001WO-JP0007983	M	20010914	<--	
AB	Disclosed are oral comps. containing a hardly water-soluble active ingredient and having favorable disintegration characteristics which comprise a molded solid article (for example, granules) obtained by mixing the hardly water-soluble active ingredient, a first disintegrating agent and a water-soluble filler with the use of a water-soluble polymer binder and then mixing this molded solid article with a second disintegrating agent, or a molded solid article obtained by mixing the hardly water-soluble active ingredient, a disintegrating agent and a sugar alc. with the use of a water-soluble polymer binder. When orally administered, these preps. show excellent elution of the active ingredient in the digestive tract. Moreover, these preps. can show the same elution behavior at different contents of the active ingredient and thus enable the selection of the most suitable drug for each patient, which makes these preps. highly useful in clin. medicine. A film-coated tablet was prepared from granules containing N-[4-[(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-(1R,2R)-2,3-tetramethylene-butyl]-1'R,2'S,3'R,4'S]-2,3-bis(2,2,1-heptanedicarboxy imide hydrochloride 10, lactose 50, sodium croscarmellose 6 mg, and polyvinyl alc. 1.2 mg, calcium hydrogen phosphate anhydride 35, crystalline cellulose 17, and magnesium stearate 0.8 mg, and a coating material containing hydroxypropyl Me cellulose 1.95, titanium oxide 0.6, concentrate glycerin 0.45 mg, and carnauba wax q.s.			
IT 367514-88-3	RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (oral comps. with favorable disintegration characteristics containing hardly water-soluble active ingredients)			
RN 367514-88-3	HCAPLUS			
CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-[(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)				

Absolute stereochemistry.

L19 ANSWER 21 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



● HCl

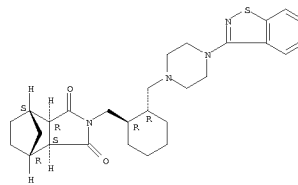
RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 22 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN

AN 2001:765782 HCAPLUS
 DN 135:322722
 TI Coating agents for sustained-release oral preparations containing basic drugs
 IN Minshii, Hiroyuki; Kobayashi, Hirohisa; Otsuda, Kazuya
 PA Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd., Japan
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO--2001076557	A1	20011018	2001WO-JP0003024	20010409 <--
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FW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, ME, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
PRAI 2000JP-000107671	A	20000410	<--	
AB	Disclosed are pH-independent sustained release preps. capable of releasing a drug independently from the pH value in the gastric tract. These sustained release preps. are characterized in that a drug-containing core is coated with (1) a first layer made of a water-insol. polymer, and (2) a second layer made of an enteric polymer and a water-soluble polymer. Core granules were prepared perospirone-HCl, crystalline cellulose, PVP, starch and silica. The granules were coated with a first composition containing Et cellulose, talc, tri-Et citrate, ethanol, and water, and then a second composition containing methacrylate copolymer, PVP, sucrose ester, Macrogol 6000, and water.			
IT 367514-87-2	367514-88-3			
RL:	THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (polymeric coating agents for sustained-release oral preps. containing basic drugs)			
RN 367514-87-2	HCAPLUS			
CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-[(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)				

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 367514-88-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[4-[(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, hydrochloride (1:1), (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



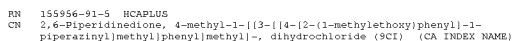
	Correction of: 1995:826655
DN	128-25703
	Correction of: 123:275191
NI	N-Aryl-N'-Benzylpiperazines as Potential Antipsychotic Agents
II	Reitz, Allen B.; Baxter, Ellen W.; Bennett, Debra J.; Codd, Ellen E.;
AI	Johnson, Alfred J.; Malloy, Elizabeth A.; Maryland, Bruce E.; McDonnell,
U	Mark E.; Ortegón, Marta E.; Renzi, Michael J.; Scott, Malcolm N.; Shank,
	Richard P.; Sherrill, Ronald G.; Vaught, Jeffery L.; Wustrow, David J.
CS	D. W. Vaught, R. W. Johnson Pharmaceutical Res. Inst., Spring House, PA,
	19477, USA
	Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1995), 38(21), 4211-4222
DB	CODEN: JMCMAH; ISSN: 0022-2623
PT	American Chemical Society
DB	Journal
LA	English
AB	N-Arylalkoxy(piperazines addnl. containing an N4-benzyl group bearing
	al., amide, imide, or hydantoin functionalities were prepared and evaluated
	in the conditioned avoidance response (CAR) test predictive of clin.
	antipsychotic activity and in <i>in vitro</i> receptor-binding assays. Certain
	of compounds display high affinity for the D2, 5-HT1A, and
	alpha1-adrenergic receptors. Structures bearing acyclic amide, lactam,
	and imide functionalities display good bioil. activity, with a preference
	for 1,3-disubstituted Pn ring relative to the 1,4- and 1,2-congeners.
	Every possible position of hydantoin attachment was investigated (e.g.,
	substitution at N1, N3, and C5). The hydantoin involving attachment to N1
	was found to have good bioil. activity, while the hydantoin
	substitution to N3 or C5 were inactive. Several of the smaller acetylated
	derivs. have fair <i>in vivo</i> activity, which was lost in the case of a larger
	benzoyl analog. A uracil congener had modest affinity for the D2 receptor
	as well as excellent <i>in vivo</i> activity. Benzylamine compds.
	display moderate CAR activity but have surprising receptor affinity, often
	greater than those of comparable structures bearing a carbonyl. Benzyl
	alkoxy(piperazines addnl. containing an N4-benzyl group bearing al.,
	amide, imide, or hydantoin functionalities were prepared and evaluated
	in the conditioned avoidance response (CAR) test predictive of clin.
	antipsychotic activity and in <i>in vitro</i> receptor-binding assays. Certain
	of compounds display high affinity for the D2, 5-HT1A, and
	alpha1-adrenergic receptors. Structures bearing acyclic amide, lactam,
	and imide functionalities display good bioil. activity, with a preference
	for 1,3-disubstituted Pn ring relative to the 1,4- and 1,2-congeners.
	Every possible position of hydantoin attachment was investigated (e.g.,
	substitution at N1, N3, and C5). The hydantoin involving attachment to N1
	was found to have good bioil. activity, while the hydantoin
	substitution to N3 or C5 were inactive. Several of the smaller acetylated
	derivs. have fair <i>in vivo</i> activity, which was lost in the case of a larger
	benzoyl analog. A uracil congener had modest affinity for the D2 receptor
	as well as excellent <i>in vivo</i> activity. Benzylamine compds.
	display moderate CAR activity but have surprising receptor affinity, often
	greater than those of comparable structures bearing a carbonyl. Benzyl
	alkoxy(piperazines addnl. containing an N4-benzyl group bearing al.,
	amide, imide, or hydantoin functionalities were prepared and evaluated
	in the conditioned avoidance response (CAR) test predictive of clin.
	antipsychotic activity and in <i>in vitro</i> receptor-binding assays. Certain
	of compounds display high affinity for the D2, 5-HT1A, and
	alpha1-adrenergic receptors. Structures bearing acyclic amide, lactam,
	and imide functionalities display good bioil. activity, with a preference
	for 1,3-disubstituted Pn ring relative to the 1,4- and 1,2-congeners.
	Every possible position of hydantoin attachment was investigated (e.g.,
	substitution at N1, N3, and C5). The hydantoin involving attachment to N1
	was found to have good bioil. activity, while the hydantoin
	substitution to N3 or C5 were inactive. Several of the smaller acetylated
	derivs. have fair <i>in vivo</i> activity, which was lost in the case of a larger
	benzoyl analog. A uracil congener had modest affinity for the D2 receptor
	as well as excellent <i>in vivo</i> activity. Benzylamine compds.
	display moderate CAR activity but have surprising receptor affinity, often
	greater than those of comparable structures bearing a carbonyl. Benzyl
	alkoxy(piperazines addnl. containing an N4-benzyl group bearing al.,
	amide, imide, or hydantoin functionalities were prepared and evaluated
	in the conditioned avoidance response (CAR) test predictive of clin.
	antipsychotic activity and in <i>in vitro</i> receptor-binding assays. Certain
	of compounds display high affinity for the D2, 5-HT1A, and
	alpha1-adrenergic receptors. Structures bearing acyclic amide, lactam,
	and imide functionalities display good bioil. activity, with a preference
	for 1,3-disubstituted Pn ring relative to the 1,4- and 1,2-congeners.
	Every possible position of hydantoin attachment was investigated (e.g.,
	substitution at N1, N3, and C5). The hydantoin involving attachment to N1
	was found to have good bioil. activity, while the hydantoin
	substitution to N3 or C5 were inactive. Several of the smaller acetylated
	derivs. have fair <i>in vivo</i> activity, which was lost in the case of a larger
	benzoyl analog. A uracil congener had modest affinity for the D2 receptor
	as well as excellent <i>in vivo</i> activity. Benzylamine compds.
	display moderate CAR activity but have surprising receptor affinity, often
	greater than those of comparable structures bearing a carbonyl. Benzyl
	alkoxy(piperazines addnl. containing an N4-benzyl group bearing al.,
	amide, imide, or hydantoin functionalities were prepared and evaluated
	in the conditioned avoidance response (CAR) test predictive of clin.
	antipsychotic activity and in <i>in vitro</i> receptor-binding assays. Certain
	of compounds display high affinity for the D2, 5-HT1A, and
	alpha1-adrenergic receptors. Structures bearing acyclic amide, lactam,
	and imide functionalities display good bioil. activity, with a preference
	for 1,3-disubstituted Pn ring relative to the 1,4- and 1,2-congeners.
	Every possible position of hydantoin attachment was investigated (e.g.,
	substitution at N1, N3, and C5). The hydantoin involving attachment to N1
	was found to have good bioil. activity, while the hydantoin
	substitution to N3 or C5 were inactive. Several of the smaller acetylated
	derivs. have fair <i>in vivo</i> activity, which was lost in the case of a larger
	benzoyl analog. A uracil congener had modest affinity for the D2 receptor
	as well as excellent <i>in vivo</i> activity. Benzylamine compds.
	display moderate CAR activity but have surprising receptor affinity, often
	greater than those of comparable structures bearing a carbonyl. Benzyl
	alkoxy(piperazines addnl. containing an N4-benzyl group bearing al.,
	amide, imide, or hydantoin functionalities were prepared and evaluated
	in the conditioned avoidance response (CAR) test predictive of clin.
	antipsychotic activity and in <i>in vitro</i> receptor-binding assays. Certain
	of compounds display high affinity for the D2, 5-HT1A, and
	alpha1-adrenergic receptors. Structures bearing acyclic amide, lactam,
	and imide functionalities display good bioil. activity, with a preference
	for 1,3-disubstituted Pn ring relative to the 1,4- and 1,2-congeners.
	Every possible position of hydantoin attachment was investigated (e.g.,
	substitution at N1, N3, and C5). The hydantoin involving attachment to N1
	was found to have good bioil. activity, while the hydantoin
	substitution to N3 or C5 were inactive. Several of the smaller acetylated
	derivs. have fair <i>in vivo</i> activity, which was lost in the case of a larger
	benzoyl analog. A uracil congener had modest affinity for the D2 receptor
	as well as excellent <i>in vivo</i> activity. Benzylamine compds.
	display moderate CAR activity but have surprising receptor affinity, often
	greater than those of comparable structures bearing a carbonyl. Benzyl
	alkoxy(piperazines addnl. containing an N4-benzyl group bearing al.,
	amide, imide, or hydantoin functionalities were prepared and evaluated
	in the conditioned avoidance response (CAR) test predictive of clin.
	antipsychotic activity and in <i>in vitro</i> receptor-binding assays. Certain
	of compounds display high affinity for the D2, 5-HT1A, and
	alpha1-adrenergic receptors. Structures bearing acyclic amide, lactam,
	and imide functionalities display good bioil. activity, with a preference
	for 1,3-disubstituted Pn ring relative to the 1,4- and 1,2-congeners.
	Every possible position of hydantoin attachment was investigated (e.g.,
	substitution

L19 ANSWER 24 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN



CRN 110-16-7
CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.



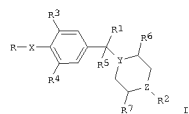
RE.CNT 45 THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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IN ANSWER 24 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
AN 1998:112193 HCAPLUS
DI 128:180426
TT Preparation of piperazine and piperidine derivatives as muscarinic
antagonists
IN Lowe, Derek B.; Chang, Wei K.; Kozlowski, Joseph A.; Berger, Joel G.;
McQuade, Robert A.; Bennett, Allen; Sherlock, Margaret; Tom, Ming; Duagar,
Sundaresan, Chen, Lian-yong; Clegg, John W.; Chacko, Channanil, Samuel; Wang,
Yuguang; McCombie, Stuart J.; Taget, Jayaram R.; Vice, Susan P.; Vaccaro,
Wayne D.; Green, Michael J.; Browne, Margaret E.; Ascher, Theodoros;
Boyle, Craig D.; Josien, Hubert B.
PA Schering Corp., USA
SO PCT Int. Appl., 156 pp.
DI CODEN: PXXXX2
LA Patent
DT English
FAN CNT 4

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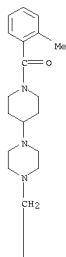
	PRECEDENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DI	WO-----9805292	A2	199802012	1997MO-US0013383	19970806 <--
	WO-----9805292	A2	199804002		
	W: AL, AM, AU, AT, BA, BG, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, DE, GE, HU, IL, IN, JP, KG, KR, KE, LC, LC, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NE, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, SL, ST, TM, TR, IT, UA, UE, VN, YU				
	RS, GR, HE, LS, MW, SD				
	GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MG, MN, PT, SE, BF, BF, CF, CG, CI, CM, CA, CN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TC				
US	-----899006	A	199001000	1996US-00700628	19960808 <--
CA	-----2261725	A1	199801022	1997CA-002261725	19970806 <--
CA	-----2261725	C	200510125		
AD	-----9738999	A	199802025	1997AU-000038999	19970806 <--
AT	-----240001	A	200009007		
EP	-----938483	A2	199909001	1997EP-000936296	19970806 <--
EP	-----938483	B1	200302026		
R: AT, NL, CN, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, LT, LV, FI, MT					
BR	-----9711119	A	199911023	1997BR-000011119	19970806 <--
JP	-----200051117	T	200002002	1998JP-000508038	19970806 <--
BE	-----448894	B2	200602252		
NE	-----333801	A	200004028	1997NZ-00033801	19970806 <--
AT	-----232360	T	20030315	1997AT-000936296	19970806 <--
NO	-----0005551	A	199904007	1999NO-000005551	19990205 <--
HK	-----1018776	A1	20030829	1999HK-000103789	19990902 <--
PRAT	1996US-000700628	A	199608000 <--		
	1995US-000926997	B2	19950223 <--		
	1995US-000457712	B2	19950602 <--		
	1996US-000604203	A	19960216 <--		
	1997US-00013383	W	19970806 <--		
OS	MAPPAT 128:180426				



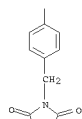
AB Title compds. I: R = OH, HOCH₂, etc.; R1 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, cyano, etc.; R2 = H, (un)substituted piperidine; R3 = cycloalkylalkyl, haloalkyl, benzylalkoxyalkyl, etc.; R4 = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, etc.; R5 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, cyano, etc.; R1-R5 = (un)substituted saturated (hetero)cyclic ring; R6 = H, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, arylalkyl, aminoalkyl, etc.; R7 = indolylalkyl, carboxyalkyl, etc.; X = O, S, SO, SO₂, CO, CS, NHCO, etc.; RX = I, Br, alkylcarbonyl, etc.; Y = N, CH, C-alkyl; Z = N, CH, C-alkyl, including isomers, salts, esters, and solvates, are prepared and are defined

L19 ANSWER 24 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)
 muscarinic antagonists useful for treating cognitive disorders such as Alzheimer's disease. Pharmaceutical compns. and methods of prepn. are also disclosed. Also disclosed are synergistic combinations of I with acetylcholinesterase inhibitors.
 IT 203181-07-1P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation of piperazine and piperidine derivs. as muscarinic antagonists)
 RN 203181-07-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Piperidine, 4-[[4-[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)methyl]phenyl]methyl]-1-piperazinyl]-1-(2-methylbenzoyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



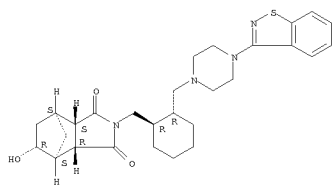
PAGE 2-A



● X HCl

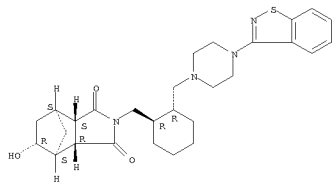
L19 ANSWER 25 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)
 BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (prepn. of cyclic imide derivs. as psychotropics)
 RN 186204-31-9 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-5-hydroxy-, [2(1R*,2R*),3aa,4β,5β,7β,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 186204-32-0 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-5-hydroxy-, monohydrochloride, [2(1R*,2R*),3aa,4β,5β,7β,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



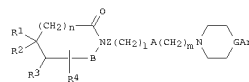
● HCl

RN 186204-33-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-5-hydroxy-, [2(1R*,2R*),3aa,4β,5a,7β,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

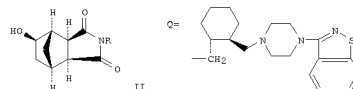
Relative stereochemistry.

L19 ANSWER 25 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 RN 1997:113315 HCAPLUS
 DN 126:157522
 IT Preparation of cyclic imide derivatives as psychotropics
 TN Yoshigai, Mayumi; Oono, Yukihiko; Kojima, Atsuyuki
 PA Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd., Japan; Dainippon Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.
 CODEX: JKKXAP
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 FAN:CHT 1

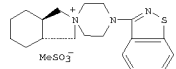
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP-----08323368	A	19961217	1995JP-000168261	19950609 <--
JP-----3775823	B2	20060517		
PRAI 1995JP-000168261		19950609	<--	
OS MARPAT 126:157522				
GI				



I



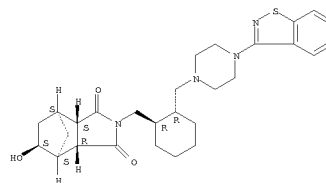
II



III

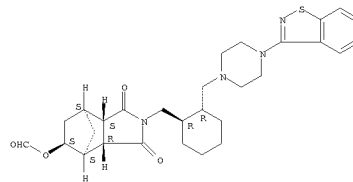
AB The title compds. (I; B = CO, SO2; R1 and R2 are combined together to represent a hydrocarbon ring substituted by at least one OH group and R3 = H or OH; or R1 and R3 are combined together to represent a hydrocarbon ring optionally substituted by alkyl and optionally bridged by lower (hydroxy and/or alkyl)alkylene or O; R4 = H, lower alkyl; n = 0,1; A = hydrocarbon ring optionally substituted by alkyl and optionally bridged by lower (alkyl)alkylene or O; l, m = 0,1; G = N, CH, COH; Ar = (un)substituted aromatic heterocyclyl, aromatic hydrocarbyl, PhCO, PhO, or PhS; or G = C and Ar = (un)substituted biphenylmethylidene), which possess antiopomorphine activity with reduced side effects and are useful for the treatment of schizophrenia, senile mental diseases, depressant, and nerve diseases, are prepared. Thus, the imide (II; R = H) was condensed with a quaternary ammonium salt (III) (preparation given) in the presence of K2CO3 in DMF at 120° for 10 h to give N-[2-(N-benzisothiazolyl-1-piperazinylmethyl)-1-cyclohexylmethyl]bicyclo(2.2.1)heptanedicarboximide III (R = Q). The latter compound in vitro showed Ki of 3.46 nM for D2 receptor in binding assay using [3H]spiperidol, and in vivo showed ED50 of 0.110 mg/kg i.p. for an anti-methamphetamine test in rats.
 IT 186204-31-9P 186204-32-0P 186204-33-1P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);

L19 ANSWER 25 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)



IT 186204-38-6P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of cyclic imide derivs. as psychotropics)
 RN 186204-38-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-5-(formyloxy)hexahydro-, [2(1R*,2R*),3aa,4β,5a,7β,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

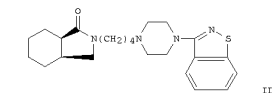
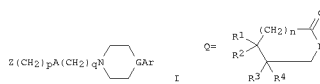


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L19 ANSWER 26 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
AN 1996:462314 HCAPLUS
DN 125:142768
TI Preparation of heterocyclic-containing lactam derivatives as psychotropics
IN Kojima, Atsuyuki; Antoku, Fujio; Yoshigi, Mayumi; Tanno, Norihiko;
SI Nishihara, Toshio; Toyoda, Tomohiro; Ohno, Yukihiko
PA Sumitomo Pharmaceutical Company, Limited, Japan
50 PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.
CODEN: PIXX2D
DT Patent
LA Japanese
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI WO-----A1 19960517 1995W0-00002256 19951106 <--
W: JP, US
RW: IE, SE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
JP-----B2 20070725 1996JP-00051596 19951106 <--
PRAI 1994JP-00029560 A 19941104 <--
1995W0-00002256 W 19951106 <--
OS MARPAT 125:142768
GI

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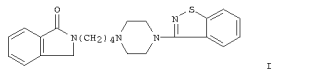


AB Lactam derivs. represented by general formula I: R1, R2, R3, R4 = H or lower alkyl, provided a pair of R1 and R2, R3 and R4, R1 and R3, or R2 and R4 may form a hydrocarbon ring which may be bridged with lower alkylene or oxygen, and the lower alkylene and the hydrocarbon ring may be substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of lower alkylene or a hydrocarbon ring which may be bridged with lower alkylene (which may be substituted by at least one alkyl or hydroxy group) or oxygen, and the lower alkylene, the lower alkylene and the hydrocarbon ring may be each substituted by at least one alkyl or hydroxy group; p, q = 0, 1 or 2; G = N or CH and Ar = heteroaryl or aromatic hydrocarbon group, or alternatively G = CH and Ar = phenoxyl, provided the heteroaryl group, the aromatic hydrocarbon group and the phenoxyl group may be each substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl salts thereof, which have excellent characteristics as psychotropic drugs, and being useful for treating schizophrenia, senile psychosis, manic depressive psychosis, neurosis, and so forth, are prepared thus.

AB-10-14-(4-((4-((1-phenyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-cyclohexanecarboxymide) was reduced by LiAlH4 in THF and then by Et3Si- in a mixture of CF3CO2H and CH2Cl2 to give the title compound (II). II in vitro inhibited 8H the binding of dopamine D2 receptor ligand, [³H]-spiperone, [³H]-apomorphine, extracellular dopamine, and the binding of serotonin 5-HT2 receptor ligand, [³H]-ketanserin, to rat whole brain membrane fraction (excluding cerebellum), and showed Ki of 0.73 nM for inhibiting the binding of dopamine D4 receptor ligand, [³H]-spiperone, to rat whole brain 4-expressing CHO cell membrane fraction.

139505-45-6

L19	ANSWER 27 OF 36	NCAPLUS	COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS	ON 57N
AN	1995:982966	NCAPLUS		
DR	124:117238			
TI	Effect of linking bridge modifications on the antipsychotic profile of some pthalimide and isindolinone derivatives.			
AU	Mark, H.; Minick, Douglas J.; Risdon, Greg C.			
CS	Division of Medicinal Chemistry, Glaxo Wellcome Inc., Research Triangle Park, NC, 27709, USA			
SO	Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1996), 39(1), 149-57			
CO	CODEN: JMCMAH; ISSN: 0022-2623			
PB	American Chemical Society			
DT	Journal			
LA	English			
OS	CASREACT 124:117238			

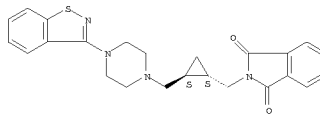


AB A series of compds. containing phthalimide and isoindolinone derivs. bridged to 4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazine was prepared. The compds. were evaluated in vitro at dopamine D2 and serotonin 5-HT1a and 5-HT2 receptors and in vivo for their ability to antagonize amphetamine-induced climbing behavior. The results of the studies to be reported on the in vitro and in vivo activity of these potential antipsychotic agents are discussed. A 4-carbon spacer provided optimal activity within the two homologous series. Conformational investigations of the lead compounds, isoindolinone and phthalimide, are conducted to account for the superior activity observed for the butylene derivs. On the basis of NMR and mol. modeling studies, two types of folded structures were proposed and several conformationally restrained analogs were synthesized. In general, reductions incorporated within the linking bridge were detrimental to activity.

IT 173095-14-2P 173095-19-7P
RU: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SYN (Synthetic preparation); BTOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(effect of linking bridge modifications on the antipsychotic profile of some phthalimide and isoindolinone derivs.)

RN 173095-14-2 NCKPLUS
CN 18-Isocouline-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[(2-[(4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl)methyl]cyclopropyl)methyl]-, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

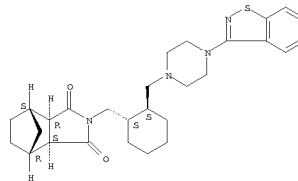
Relative stereochemistry.



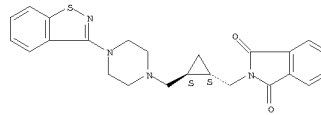
PN 173095-19-7 HCAPLUS
CN 1H-Indole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]methyl]-, monohydrochloride, trans- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

L19 ANSWER 26 of 36 HCAPULUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. of heterocycle-contg. lactam derivs. as psychotropics)
 RN 139505-45-6 HCAPULUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isosindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[(1R,2R)-2-[[[(4-(3,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl)methyl]cyclohexyl)methyl]hexahydro-
 (3aR,4S,7aR,7aS)-re]- CA INDEX NAME)
 Relative stereochemistry.



119 ANSWER 27 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)



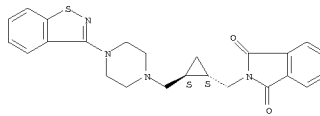
● HCl

A series of compounds, containing phthalimide and isosolidinone derivs. bridged to 4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazine was prepared. The compds. were evaluated *in vitro* at dopamine D2 and serotonin 5-HT_{2A} and 5-HT_{2C} receptors and *in vivo* for their effects on the locomotor activity and the drug relinking in mice. The effects of bridge length and conformation on the biol. activity of these potential antipsychotic agents are discussed. A series of spaced out, folded optimally designed and non-optimized analog series. Conformational investigations of the lead compound, isosolidinone (I), were conducted in an attempt to account for the superior activity of this series for the dopamine D₂ receptor. In addition to the modeling studies, two types of folded structures were proposed and several conformationally restrained analogs were synthesized. In general, restrictions incorporated within the linking bridge were detrimental to activity.

IT 173095-14-2P 173095-19-7P
 RI: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (effect of linking bridge modifications on the antipsychotic profile of some phthalimide and isoindolinone derivs.)

RN 173095-14-2 HCAPLUS
 CN 1H-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[(2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl)methyl]-, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



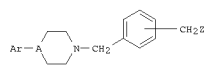
PN 173095-19-7 HCAPLUS
CN 1H-Indole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]methyl]-, monohydrochloride, trans- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

L19 ANSWER 28 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 1995:854308 HCAPLUS
 DN 124:8853
 TI Cyclic piperazinylmethyl-substituted benzylamino, benzylamido, and
 benzylimido antipsychotic agents
 IN Maryanoff, Cynthia A.; Reitz, Allen B.; Scott, Malcolm K.
 PA McNeilab, Inc., USA
 SO U.S., 8 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,314,885.
 CODEN: USKXAM
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US-----5449677	A	19950912	1993US-000120015	19930910 <--
US-----5314885	A	19940524	1992US-000943846	19920911 <--
JP-----08501548	T	19960220	1994JP-000508182	19930910 <--
JP-----3240143	B2	20011217		
AT-----153657	T	19970615	1993AT-000921480	19930910 <--
AU-----679187	B2	19970626	1993AU-000048562	19930910 <--
AU-----9348562	A	19940412		
ES-----2104174	I3	19971001	1993ES-000921480	19930910 <--
PRAI 1992US-000943846	A2	19920911	<--	
1993US-000120015	A	19930910	<--	
1993WO-US0008545	W	19930910	<--	

OS MARPAT 124:8853
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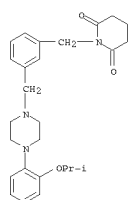


AB Comps. of the general formula I wherein A is N, Ar is aryl or substituted aryl; wherein the aryl substituents for the aryl group are selected from any of C1-C8 alkyl, C3-C10 cycloalkyl, C1-C8 hydroxyalkyl, C1-C8 alkoxy, arylalkoxy, hydroxyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, C1-C8 alkylthio, halogen, nitro, C1-C8 haloalkyl, amino or C1-C8 mono- or dialkylamino; Φ is isindolyl or pyrrolidinyl, optionally substituted with a C1-C4 alkyl; there is a 1,2-, 1,3-, or 1,4-relationship of the CH22 and CH2-piperazine or moieties on the appropriate aromatic ring, are disclosed as novel antipsychotic agents. Pharmaceutical comps. and methods of treating convulsions employing such comps. of formula I are also disclosed. Thus, e.g., N-[2-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl]piperazine was treated with o,o'-dichloro-m-ylene, and the intermediate (piperazinylmethyl)benzyl chloride was subsequently treated with γ -valerolactam and HCl to afford 1-[[3-[[1-(2-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl)-4-piperazinylmethyl]phenyl]methyl]-piperidin-2-one 1-HCl which exhibited 89% blockade of conditioned avoidance responding in rats at 5 mpk, po, and dopamine D2 binding with $K_i = 117$ nM.

IT 155956-83-5P 155956-92-6P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
 (cyclic piperazinylmethyl-substituted benzylamino, benzylamido, and benzylimido antipsychotic agents)

RN 155956-83-5 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,6-Piperidinedione, 1-[[3-[[4-(2-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]phenyl]methyl]-, (CA INDEX NAME)

L19 ANSWER 28 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)

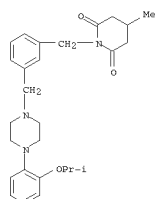


CM 2
 CRN 110-16-7
 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

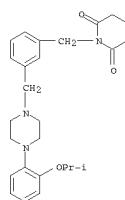


RN 155956-91-5 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,6-Piperidinedione, 4-methyl-1-[[3-[[4-(2-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]phenyl]methyl]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

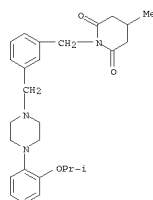


● 2 HCl

L19 ANSWER 28 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



RN 155956-92-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,6-Piperidinedione, 4-methyl-1-[[3-[[4-(2-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]phenyl]methyl]-, (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 155956-84-6P 155956-91-5P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (cyclic piperazinylmethyl-substituted benzylamino, benzylamido, and benzylimido antipsychotic agents)

RN 155956-84-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,6-Piperidinedione, 1-[[3-[[4-(2-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]phenyl]methyl]-, (2Z)-2-butenedioate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
 CRN 155956-83-5
 CMF C26 H33 N3 O3

L19 ANSWER 29 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN

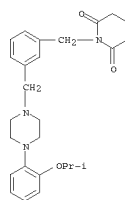
AN 1995:826855 HCAPLUS
 DN 123:275191
 TI N-Aryl-N'-Benzylpiperazines as Potential Antipsychotic Agents
 AU Reitz, Allen B.; Baker, Ellen W.; Bennett, Debra J.; Codd, Ellen E.; Jordan, Alfonso D.; Malloy, Elizabeth A.; Maryanoff, Bruce E.; McDonnell, Mark E.; Ortegón, Marta E.; et al.
 CS Drug Discovery, R. W. Johnson Pharmaceutical Research Institute, Spring House, PA, 19477, USA
 SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1995), 38(21), 4211-22
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
 PB American Chemical Society
 DT Journal
 LA English

AB N1-(2-Alkoxyphenyl)piperazines addnl. containing an N4-benzyl group bearing alc., amide, imide, or hydantoin functionalities were prepared and evaluated in the conditioned avoidance response (CAR) test predictive of clin. antipsychotic activity and in in vitro receptor-binding assays. Certain of the comps. display high affinity for the D2, 5-HT1A, and α 1-adrenergic receptors. Structures bearing acyclic amide, lactam, and imide functionalities display good biol. activity, with a preference for the 1,3-disubstituted Ph ring relative to the 1,4- and 1,2-congeners. Every possible position of hydantoin attachment was investigated (e.g., substitution at N1, N3, and C4). The hydantoin involving attachment to N1 was found to have good biol. activity, whereas those hydantoin with attachment to N3 or C5 were inactive. Several of the smaller acetylated derivs. have fair in vivo activity, which was lost in the case of a larger benzoyl analog. A urea congener had modest affinity for the D2 receptor (65 nM) as well as excellent in vivo activity. Benzylamino comps. display moderate CAR activity but have surprising receptor affinity, often greater than those of comparable structures bearing a carbonyl. Benzyl and benzhydryl alc. comps. are more active than amino structures and also exhibit excellent in vivo activity in the CAR test with modest D2 and 5-HT1A receptor binding, with activity being restricted to the 1,3- and 1,4-disubstitution pattern.

IT 155956-84-6P 155956-91-5P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (Preparation and potential antipsychotic activity of arylbenzylpiperazines)

RN 155956-84-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,6-Piperidinedione, 1-[[3-[[4-(2-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]phenyl]methyl]-, (2Z)-2-butenedioate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
 CRN 155956-83-5
 CMF C26 H33 N3 O3



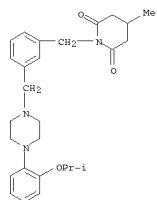
CM 2
 CRN 110-16-7

L19 ANSWER 29 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)
 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.



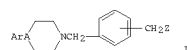
RN 155956-91-5 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,6-Piperidinedione, 4-methyl-1-[[3-[[4-(2-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl)]-1-piperazinyl]methyl]phenyl]methyl-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● 2 HCl

L19 ANSWER 30 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 RN 1994:457532 HCAPLUS
 DN 121:57532
 TI Preparation of cyclic benzylamino, benzylamido and benzylimido derivatives as antipsychotic agents
 IN Maryanoff, Cynthia A.; Reitz, Allen B.; Scott, Malcolm K.; Villani, Frank J., Jr.
 PA McNeilab, Inc., USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CN1 2

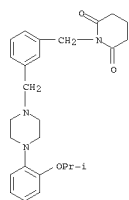
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO-----9406768	A1	19940331	1993WO-US0008545	19930910 <--
W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SK, UA, VN				
FW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US-----5314885	A	19940524	1992US-000943846	19920911 <--
EP-----460822	A1	19950705	1993EP-000921480	19930910 <--
EP-----660822	B1	19970528		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
JP-----08501548	T	19960220	1994JP-000508182	19930910 <--
JP-----3240143	B2	20011217		
AT-----153657	T	19970615	1993AT-000921480	19930910 <--
AU-----479287	B2	19970626	1993AU-000048562	19930910 <--
AU-----934862	A	19940412		
ES-----2104174	T3	19971001	1993ES-000921480	19930910 <--
CA-----2144344	C	20041109	1993CA-002144344	19930910 <--
PRAI 1992US-000943846	A	19920911	<--	
1993US-000120015	A	19930910	<--	
1993WO-US0008545	W	19930910	<--	
OS MARPAT 121:57532				
GI				



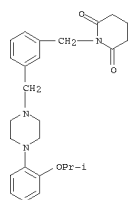
AB Title compds. I (Ar = (substituted) aryl; A = N, HC; Z = 5-6-membered saturated, (un)substituted ring containing 1 ring N which is the point of ring attachment to the mol., the ring contg 0-2 carbonyls adjacent to the N, the ring optionally attached to a 4-membered moiety to form a 6-membered fused aromatic or the ring optionally being attached to a 4-membered moiety to form a 5-membered spirocycle; there is a 1,2-, 1,3-, or 1,4-relationship of CH2Z and CH2-piperazine or CH2-piperidine moieties on the appropriate aromatic) are prepared N-[2-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl]piperazine was treated with α,α' -dichloro-m-xylene, and refluxed to give the appropriate benzyl chloride which was treated with γ -valerolactam to give after workup I (Ar = 2-(MeOCH₂)C₆H₄, A = N, Z = 2-oxopiperidino with the CH₂ attached on 3-position of the Ph ring). The antipsychotic activity was determined by the Block of Conditioned Avoidance Responding (Rat) test. I are claimed for use in treatment of schizophrenia.

IT 155956-83-5P 155956-84-6P 155956-91-5P
 155956-92-6P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation of, as antipsychotic)
 RN 155956-83-5 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,6-Piperidinedione, 1-[[3-[[4-(2-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl)]-1-piperazinyl]methyl]phenyl]methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

L19 ANSWER 30 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



RN 155956-84-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,6-Piperidinedione, 1-[[3-[[4-(2-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl)]-1-piperazinyl]methyl]phenyl]methyl-, (2Z)-2-butenedioate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)
 CM 1
 CRN 155956-83-5
 CMF C26 H33 N3 O3



CM 2

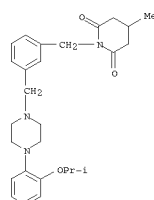
CRN 110-16-7
 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.



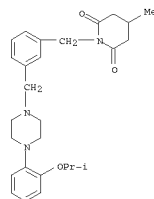
RN 155956-91-5 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,6-Piperidinedione, 4-methyl-1-[[3-[[4-(2-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl)]-1-piperazinyl]methyl]phenyl]methyl-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L19 ANSWER 30 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



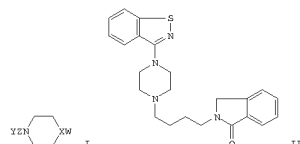
● 2 HCl

RN 155956-92-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,6-Piperidinedione, 4-methyl-1-[[3-[[4-(2-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl)]-1-piperazinyl]methyl]phenyl]methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

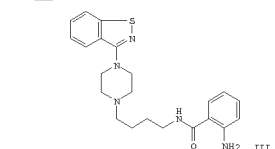


L19 ANSWER 31 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 1994:409406 HCAPLUS
 DN 121:9406
 TI Piperazine and piperidine derivatives, and their use as antipsychotics
 IN Norman, Mark Henry; Navas, Frank, III
 PA Wellcome Foundation Ltd., UK
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 204 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO-----9316073	A1	19930819	1993WO-GB00000285	19930211 <--
W: AU, BG, CA, CE, FI, HU, JP, KR, NO, NZ, PL, PD, RU, SK, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
AU-----9334603	A	19930903	1993AU-000034603	19930211 <--
2A-----9300958	A	19940811	1993ZA-000000958	19930211 <--
EP-----625978	A1	19941130	1993EP-00090366	19930211 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
JP-----07503723	T	19950420	1993JP-000513907	19930211 <--
HU-----72309	A2	19960429	1994HU-000002343	19930211 <--
PT-----9403718	A	19940811	1994PT-000003718	19940811 <--
NO-----9402977	A	19941010	1994NO-000002977	19940811 <--
PRAI 1992GB-000002915	A	19920212 <--		
1992WO-GB00000285	A	19930211 <--		
OS MARPAT 121:9406				
GI				



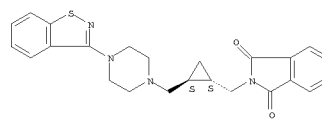
II



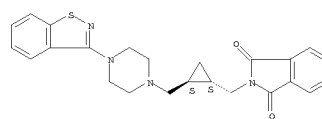
III

AB The title compds., 1-[(isoindolyl)alkyl]piperidine or 1-[(phenylcarbamoyl)alkyl]piperidine or 1-[(isoindolyl)alkyl]piperazine or 1-[(phenylcarbamoyl)alkyl]piperazine derivs. I (Y = substituted isoindolyl or phenylcarbamoyl; Z = alkanediyl, etc.; X = nitrogen, carbon; W = substituted isoindolyl or benzopyrazolyl) and their uses as antipsychotics are claimed. I are useful as anxiolytics, muscle relaxants, antidepressants, antiemetics, and treatment of aggression associated with senile dementia and treatment of personality disorders and schizophrenia. I are dosamine D2 antagonists and H1 receptor antagonists. Specifically claimed compds. include 2-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-

L19 ANSWER 31 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)
 piperazinyl)butyl-1-isoindolinone (II) an d2-amino-N-[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperidinyl]butylbenzamide (III).
 IT 173095-14-2P 173095-19-7P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, as dopamine D2 antagonist)
 RN 173095-14-2 HCAPLUS
 CN 1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]methyl]-, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Relative stereochemistry.

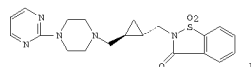


RN 173095-19-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]methyl]-, monohydrochloride, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Relative stereochemistry.



● HCl

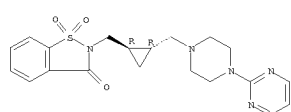
L19 ANSWER 32 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 1993:234002 HCAPLUS
 DN 118:234002
 TI Synthesis of metabolically stable arylpiperazine 5-HT1A receptor agonists
 IN Romero, Arthur G.; Darlington, William H.; Piercey, Montford F.; Lahti, Robert A.
 CS Upjohn Co., Kalamazoo, MI, 49001, USA
 SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (1992), 2(12), 1703-6
 CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X
 DT Journal
 LA English
 OS CASREACT 118:234002
 GI



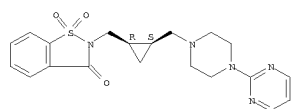
I

AB Although N-alkylarylpiperazines as a class are finding use as anxiolytics and antidepressants, many of these arylpiperazines are highly metabolically labile at the N-alkylpiperazine bond. Cyclopropanating (giving e.g., I) the Bu chain contained in the 5-HT1A receptor agonist ipasiprone instills a resistance to this metabolism as well as providing information about the geometrical requirements of the 5-HT1A receptor.

IT 147527-74-OP 147527-79-SP
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation and metabolic stability of)
 RN 147527-74-0 HCAPLUS
 CN 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, 2-[[2-[[4-(2-pyrimidinyl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]methyl]-, 1,1-dioxide, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Relative stereochemistry.

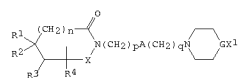


RN 147527-79-5 HCAPLUS
 CN 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, 2-[[2-[[4-(2-pyrimidinyl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]methyl]-, 1,1-dioxide, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Relative stereochemistry.

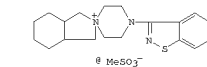


L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 AN 1992:151794 HCAPLUS
 DN 116:151794
 TI Preparation of [[[carboximidomethyl]cycloalkyl]methyl]aziryl]arenes as antipsychotics
 IN Saji, Ikutaro; Muto, Masayuki; Tanno, Norihiko; Yoshigi, Mayumi
 PA Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd., Japan
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 67 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

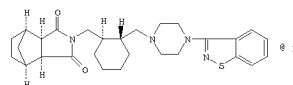
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI EP-----464846	A1	19920108	1991EP-00011223	19910705 <--
EP-----464846	B1	19980422		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
JP-----05017440	A	19930126	1991JP-000183640	19910627 <--
JP-----2800953	B2	19980921		
CA-----2046429	A1	19920107	1991CA-002046429	19910705 <--
CA-----2046429	C	20030916		
AT-----165359	T	19980515	1991AT-00011223	19910705 <--
ES-----2115599	T3	19980701	1991ES-00011223	19910705 <--
US-----5523272	A	19960702	1993US-00011320	19930830 <--
US-----5780632	A	19980714	1996US-000634738	19960418 <--
PRAI 1990JP-000180271	A	19900706 <--		
1991US-000726172	B1	19910705 <--		
1993US-00011320	A3	19930830 <--		
OS CASREACT 116:151794; MARPAT 116:151794				
GI				



I



II



III

AB Title compds. [I; R1-R4 = H, alkyl; R1R2 = nonarom. hydrocarbylene; R1R3 = (aromatic) (substituted) (bridged) hydrocarbylene; X = CO, SO2; n = 0, 1; A = (substituted) (bridged) nonarom. hydrocarbon ring; p, q = 0-2; X1 = (hetero)aryl, PhCO, PhO, PhS, and G = N, CH, COH; or X1 = biphenylmethylene, G = Cl] were prepared. Thus, spiro derivative II (preparation from trans-1,2-cyclohexanecarboxylic anhydride) given) was refluxed with bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-endo-3-endo-dicarboximide, K2CO3, and dibenzo-18-crown-6 in PhMe to give title compound III. III showed ED50 of 10.3 mg/kg orally for suppression of apomorphine-induced climbing behavior in mice.
 IT 139505-45-6P 139505-47-8P 139505-48-9P
 139505-51-4P 139505-53-6P 139505-54-7P
 139505-55-8P 139505-56-9P 139505-57-0P
 139505-58-1P 139505-59-2P 139505-60-5P
 139505-61-6P 139505-66-1P 139505-84-3P
 139505-85-4P 139505-86-5P 139505-87-6P

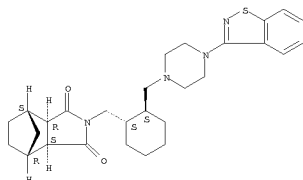
L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)

139505-93-4P 139505-95-4P 139506-02-8P
 139506-03-9P 139537-71-6P 139537-72-7P
 139537-73-8P 139563-18-1P 139563-20-5P
 139563-21-6P 139563-22-7P 139563-24-9P
 139563-25-0P 139563-27-2P 139563-28-3P
 139563-29-4P 139627-40-0P 139627-41-1P
 194861-60-4P 194861-63-7P 194861-73-9P
 194861-74-0P 194861-80-8P 194861-81-9P
 194861-82-0P 194862-49-2P 194863-57-5P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (prepn. of, as antipsychotic)

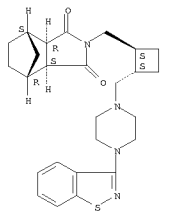
RN 139505-45-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]cyclohexylmethyl]hexahydro-, (3aR,4S,7R,7aS)-rel- (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



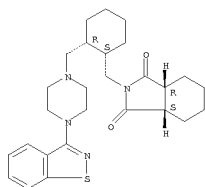
RN 139505-47-8 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]cyclobutylmethyl]hexahydro-, [2(trans),3ae,4β,7β,7ae]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



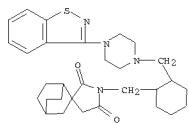
RN 139505-48-9 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, 2-[[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]cyclohexylmethyl]hexahydro-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)

L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)



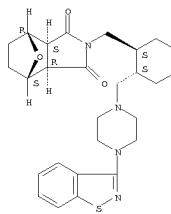
● HCl

RN 139505-54-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Spiro[bicyclo[2.2.2]octane-2,3'-pyrrolidine]-2',5'-dione, 1'-[[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 139505-55-8 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Epoxy-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]cyclohexylmethyl]hexahydro-, monohydrochloride, [2(1R*,2R*),3ae,4β,7β,7ae]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

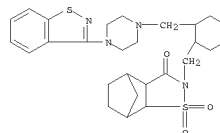
Relative stereochemistry.



● HCl

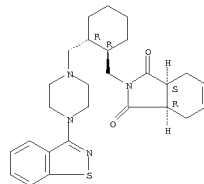
RN 139505-56-9 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,6-Piperidinedione, 1-[[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]cyclohexylmethyl]-4,4-dimethyl-, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 139505-51-4 HCAPLUS
 CN 1H-Isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]cyclohexylmethyl]-3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydro-, monohydrochloride, [2(1R*,2R*),3ae,7ae]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



● HCl

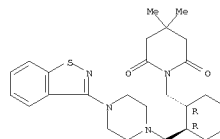
RN 139505-53-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 1H-Isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]cyclohexylmethyl]hexahydro-, monohydrochloride, [2(1R*,2S*),3ae,7ae]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



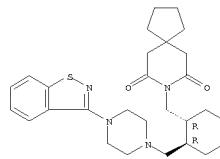
L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 139505-57-0 HCAPLUS
 CN 8-Araspiro[4.5]decane-7,9-dione, 8-[[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]cyclohexylmethyl]-, monohydrochloride, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

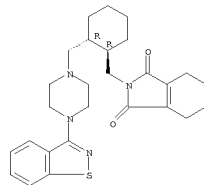
Relative stereochemistry.



● HCl

RN 139505-58-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 1H-Isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]cyclohexylmethyl]-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

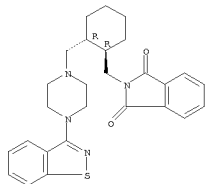
Relative stereochemistry.



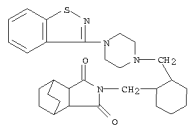
RN 139505-59-2 HCAPLUS
 CN 1H-Isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinylmethyl]cyclohexylmethyl]-, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

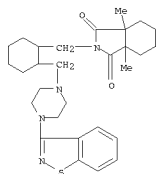
L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



RN 139505-60-5 HCAPLUS
CN 4,7-Ethano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 139505-61-6 HCAPLUS
CN 1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-3a,7a-dimethyl-, [2(trans),3aa,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



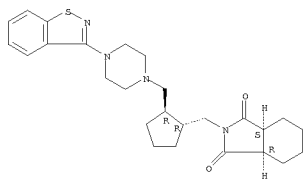
RN 139505-66-1 HCAPLUS
CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, hexahydro-2-[[2-[[4-(2-pyridinyl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-, [2(trans),3aa,4β,7,be ta.,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)

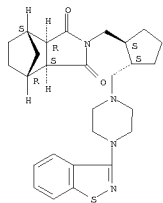
RN 139505-66-5 HCAPLUS
CN 1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclopentyl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(trans),3aa,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 139505-87-6 HCAPLUS
CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclopentyl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(trans),3aa,4β,7β,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

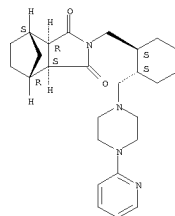
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 139505-93-4 HCAPLUS
CN 1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclobutyl]methyl]hexahydro-, monohydrochloride, [2(1R*,2R*),3aa,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

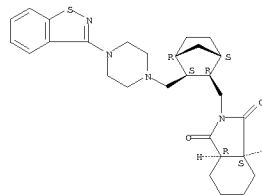
Relative stereochemistry.

L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)

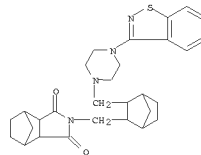


RN 139505-84-3 HCAPLUS
CN 1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[3-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]methyl]hexahydro-, [1a,2a(3aR*,7aS*),3a,4a]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

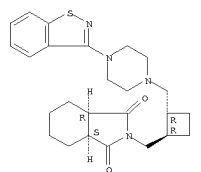
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 139505-85-4 HCAPLUS
CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[3-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(1R*,2S*,3R*,4S*),3aa,4β,7β,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



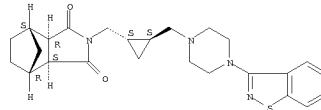
L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



● HCl

RN 139505-95-6 HCAPLUS
CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[3-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]methyl]hexahydro-, monohydrochloride, [2(1R*,2R*),3aa,4β,7β,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

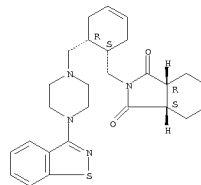
Relative stereochemistry.



● HCl

RN 139506-02-8 HCAPLUS
CN 1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[6-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]-3-cyclohexen-1-yl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(cis),3aa,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

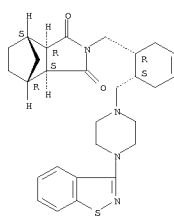
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 139506-03-9 HCAPLUS
CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[6-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]-3-cyclohexen-1-yl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(cis),3aa,4β,7β,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

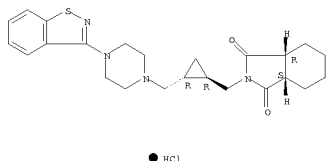
L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)

Relative stereochemistry.



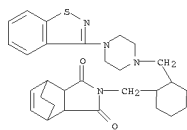
RN 139537-71-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 1H-Isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]methyl]hexahydro-, monohydrochloride, [2(1R*,2R*),3aa,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



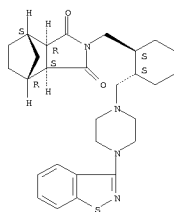
● HCl

RN 139537-72-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Ethano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-3a,4,7a-tetrahydro-, [2(trans),3aa,4a,7a,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 139537-73-8 HCAPLUS
 CN 1H-Isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, hexahydro-2-[[2-[[4-(2-pyridinyl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]-, [2(trans),3aa,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

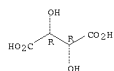
L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



CM 2

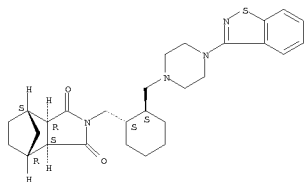
CRN 87-69-4
 CMF C4 H6 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 139563-21-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, monohydrochloride, [2(trans),3aa,4β,7β,7aa]- (+)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Rotation (+). Absolute stereochemistry unknown.



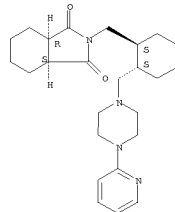
● HCl

RN 139563-22-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclobutyl]methyl]hexahydro-, monohydrochloride, [2(trans),3aa,4β,7β,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

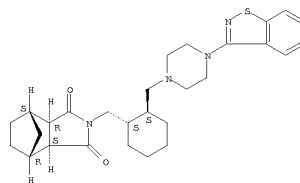
L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 139563-18-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, monohydrochloride, [2(trans),3aa,4β,7β,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



● HCl

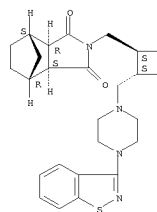
RN 139563-20-5 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(trans),3aa,4β,7β,7aa]- (+)-, [2R,3R]-2,3-dihydroxybutanedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CFN 139563-19-2
 CMF C28 H36 N4 O2 S

Rotation (+). Absolute stereochemistry unknown.

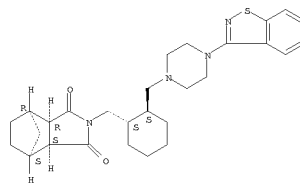
L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



● HCl

RN 139563-24-9 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, monohydrochloride, [2(1R*,2R*),3aa,4a,7a,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

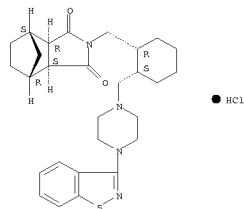


● HCl

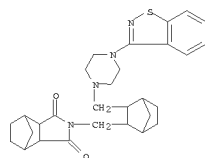
RN 139563-25-0 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, monohydrochloride, [2(1R*,2S*),3aa,4β,7β,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)

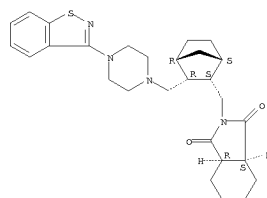


RN 139563-27-2 HCAPLUS
CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[3-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(1R*,2R*,3S*,4S*),3aa,4β,7b,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

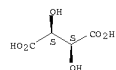


RN 139563-28-3 HCAPLUS
CN 1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]methyl]hexahydro-, [1a,2β(3aR*,7aS*),3β,4a]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

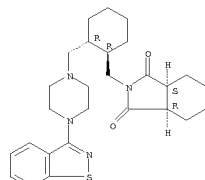


L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



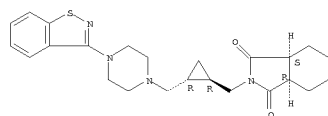
RN 139627-41-1 HCAPLUS
CN 1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(trans),3aa,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 194861-60-4 HCAPLUS
CN 1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(1R*,2R*),3aa,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



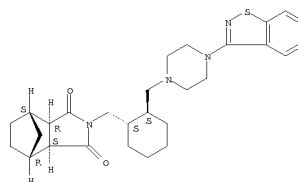
RN 194861-63-7 HCAPLUS
CN 1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(1R*,2R*),3aa,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)

RN 139563-29-4 HCAPLUS
CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(trans),3aa,4β,7b,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Rotation (-). Absolute stereochemistry unknown.



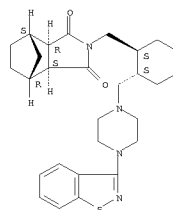
● HCl

RN 139627-40-0 HCAPLUS
CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(trans),3aa,4β,7b,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CFN 139627-39-7
CMF C28 H36 N4 O2 S

Rotation (-). Absolute stereochemistry unknown.

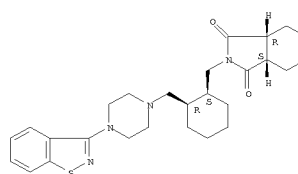


CM 2

CFN 147-71-7
CMF C4 H6 O6

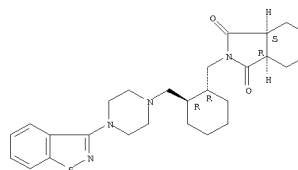
Absolute stereochemistry.

L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN (Continued)



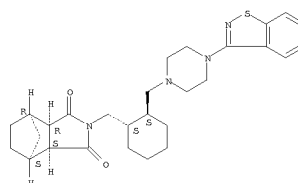
RN 194861-73-9 HCAPLUS
CN 1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(1R*,2R*),3aa,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 194861-74-0 HCAPLUS
CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(1R*,2R*),3aa,4a,7a,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

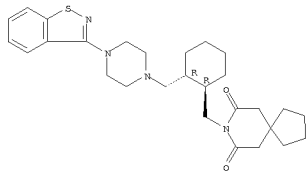
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 194861-80-8 HCAPLUS
CN 8-Azaspiro[4.5]decane-7,9-dione, 8-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]methyl]hexahydro-, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

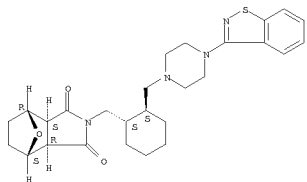
Relative stereochemistry.

L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)



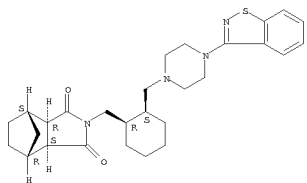
RN 194861-81-9 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Epoxy-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(1R*,2R*),3aa,4β,7β,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 194861-82-0 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(1R*,2S*),3aa,4β,7β,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

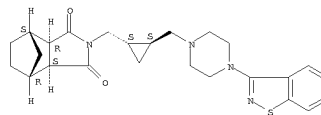
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 194862-49-2 HCAPLUS
 CN 4,7-Methano-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-

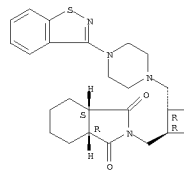
L19 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)
 yl]-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(1R*,2R*),3aa,4β,7β,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 194863-57-5 HCAPLUS
 CN 1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[[2-[[4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]cyclobutyl]methyl]hexahydro-, [2(1R*,2R*),3aa,7aa]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

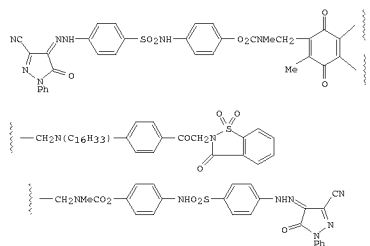
Relative stereochemistry.



L19 ANSWER 34 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 AN 1985:195055 HCAPLUS

DN 102:195055
 OREF 102:30440n,30441a
 TI Light-sensitive photographic material containing immobile linked-donor-acceptor compounds
 IN Kowaya, Koichi; Noguchi, Yasuhiro; Toriuchi, Masaharu
 PA Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
 SO Ger. Offen., 85 pp.
 CODEN: GWXXBX
 DT Patent
 LA German
 FAN,CM2 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI DE-----3413096	A1	19841011	1984DE-003413096	19840406 <--
JP-----59185333	A	19841020	1983JP-000060289	19830406 <--
JP-----02034374	B	19900802		
GB-----2140927	A	19841205	1984GB-000008910	19840406 <--
GB-----2140927	B	19860903		
US-----4551423	A	19831105	1984US-000597623	19840406 <--
PPAI 1983JP-000060289	A	19830406	<--	
OS MARPAT 102:195055				
GI				

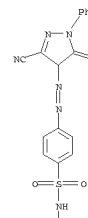


AB Immobile linked-donor-acceptor compds., which release a diffusible dye or its precursor by a redox reaction, are described for use in preparing pos. diffusion-transfer materials. Thus, a photosensitive material was prepared by coating a poly(ethylene terephthalate) support with an image acceptor layer, a white reflection layer, a light screening layer, a gelatin-I layer (5.0 + 10-4 mol/m2), a gelatin-Ag(Br.I) emulsion layer, and a gelatin protective layer. This material was then exposed, combined with a polymer-coated top sheet and processed to give a yellow image with a Dmax of 1.84 and a Dmin of 0.24 vs. 1.6 and 0.23, resp. for a control containing an electron donor precursor and a color forming material.

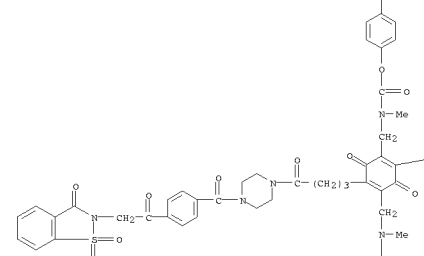
IT 96144-90-0
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (photog. immobile linked-donor-acceptor compound, for color materials)
 RN 96144-90-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Carbamic acid, [5-[4-[4-[(1,1-dioxido-3-oxo-1,2-benzisothiazol-2(3H)-yl)acetyl]benzoyl]-1-piperazinyl]-4-oxobutyl]-2-dodecyl-3,6-dioxo-1,4-cyclohexadiene-1,4-dyl]bis(methylene)bis[methyl-, bis[4-[[[4-[(3-cyano-4,5-dihydro-5-oxo-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)azo]phenyl]sulfonyl]amino]phenyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L19 ANSWER 34 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



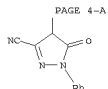
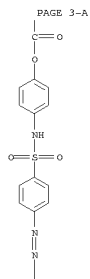
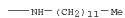
PAGE 2-A



PAGE 2-B

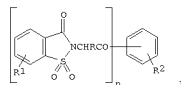
-(CH2)11-Me

L19 ANSWER 34 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)

L19 ANSWER 35 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN (Continued)
PAGE 1-B

L19 ANSWER 35 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
AN 1981:433393 HCAPLUS
DN 95:33393
OREF 95:5617a,5620a
TI Electron donor precursors and photographic element containing them
IN Chen, Chin H.
PA Eastman Kodak Co., USA
SO U.S., 25 pp.
CODEN: UDXKAM
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US-----4263393	A	19810421	1979US-00072871	19790906 <--
US-----1138246	A1	19821228	1980CA-000348060	19800320 <--
PRAI 1979US-00072871	A	19790906	<--	
GI				



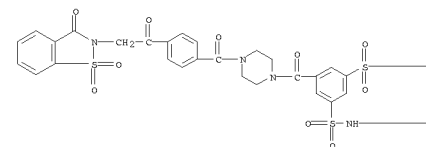
AB A new electron donor precursor for diffusion-transfer photog. stable under keeping conditions and under processing conditions rapidly unblocking an electron donor comprises N-phenacyl saccharin derivative (I: R = H, C1-30 alkyl, C6-30 aryl, acyl, ester, amido; R1,R2 = H, halogen, NO2, NH2, CN, C1-30 alkyl or alkoxy, C6-30 aryl or aryloxy, acyl, ester, amido, if R2 is sulfonamido, carbonamido or phosphoramido it is in the ortho or meta position; n = 1,2). Thus, a photog. element having incorporated a magenta dye-providing compound and I (R,R1 = H, R2 = 4-phenyl) was fixed for 1 min in solution containing (NH4)2S2O3 120, K2S2O5 20 g and H2O to 1 L, washed, dried, laminated to a receiver containing a mordant for the diffusible dye moiety and after a viscous activator solution was spread between the elements they were separated. The rate of dye release t1/2 (determined from a plot of the transferred dye d. vs. time of lamination) equaled 150 s vs. 300 s for a control containing a ballasted benzisoxardone as the electron donor precursor.

IT 74918-81-3
RL: USES (Uses)
(as electron donor precursor for diffusion-transfer photog.)

RN 74918-81-3 HCAPLUS

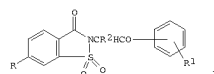
CN Piperazine, 1-[3,5-bis[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]benzoyl]-4-[4-[(1,1-dioxido-3-oxo-1,2-benzisothiazol-2(3H)-yl)acetyl]benzoyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L19 ANSWER 36 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
AN 1980:540886 HCAPLUS
DN 93:140886
OREF 93:22287a,22290a
TI Electron donor precursors
AU Anon.
CS UK
SO Research Disclosure (1980), 195, 285-8 (No. 19507)
CODEN: R5DSBB; ISSN: 0374-4353
DT Journal: Patent
LA English
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

RD-----195007			19800710	
PRAI 1980RD-000195007		19800710		
GI				



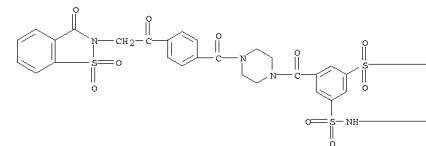
AB N-Phenacylsaccharin derivative electron donor precursors, which are incorporated in the alkaline processing composition and provide a rapid release of the diffusible photog. moiety in diffusion transfer films, have the general formula (I: R = H, acyl, ester, amido; R1 = H, halogen, NO2, C1-30 alkyl, Ph, acyl, ester, amido; and R2 = H, C1-4 alkyl). One such compound is I (R = H; R1 = p-NO2; and R2 = H).

IT 74918-81-3
RL: USES (Uses)
(as electron donor precursor for diffusion-transfer photog. processing solution, for rapid release of diffusible moiety)

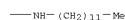
RN 74918-81-3 HCAPLUS

CN Piperazine, 1-[3,5-bis[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]benzoyl]-4-[4-[(1,1-dioxido-3-oxo-1,2-benzisothiazol-2(3H)-yl)acetyl]benzoyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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(FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:19:30 ON 28 FEB 2008)
DEL HIS Y

L1 FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:35:43 ON 28 FEB 2008
1 US20060142276/PN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:35:54 ON 28 FEB 2008

L2 FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:35:54 ON 28 FEB 2008
TRA L1 1- RN : 1 TERM

L3 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:35:54 ON 28 FEB 2008
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L5 0 L4
L6 154745 NC2NC2/ES AND (NC5 OR NSC4 OR NC6 OR NSC5)/ES
L7 0 L4 SAM SUB=L6
L8 40 L4 FULL SUB=L6
SAV TEM L8 J039C1/A
L9 0 L8 AND L3
L10 408698 (NSC3-C6 OR NCSC2-C6)/ES
L11 4 L4 SAM SUB=L10
L12 58 L4 FULL SUB=L10
SAV TEM J039C1/A L12
L13 97 L8,L12
L14 1 L13 AND L3
L15 96 L13 NOT L14

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:47:54 ON 28 FEB 2008
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L17 36 L15
L18 32 L17 AND (PD<=20051222 OR AD<=20051222 OR PRD<=20051222)
L19 36 L17-18

L20 FILE 'HCAOLD' ENTERED AT 13:00:19 ON 28 FEB 2008
0 L13

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